

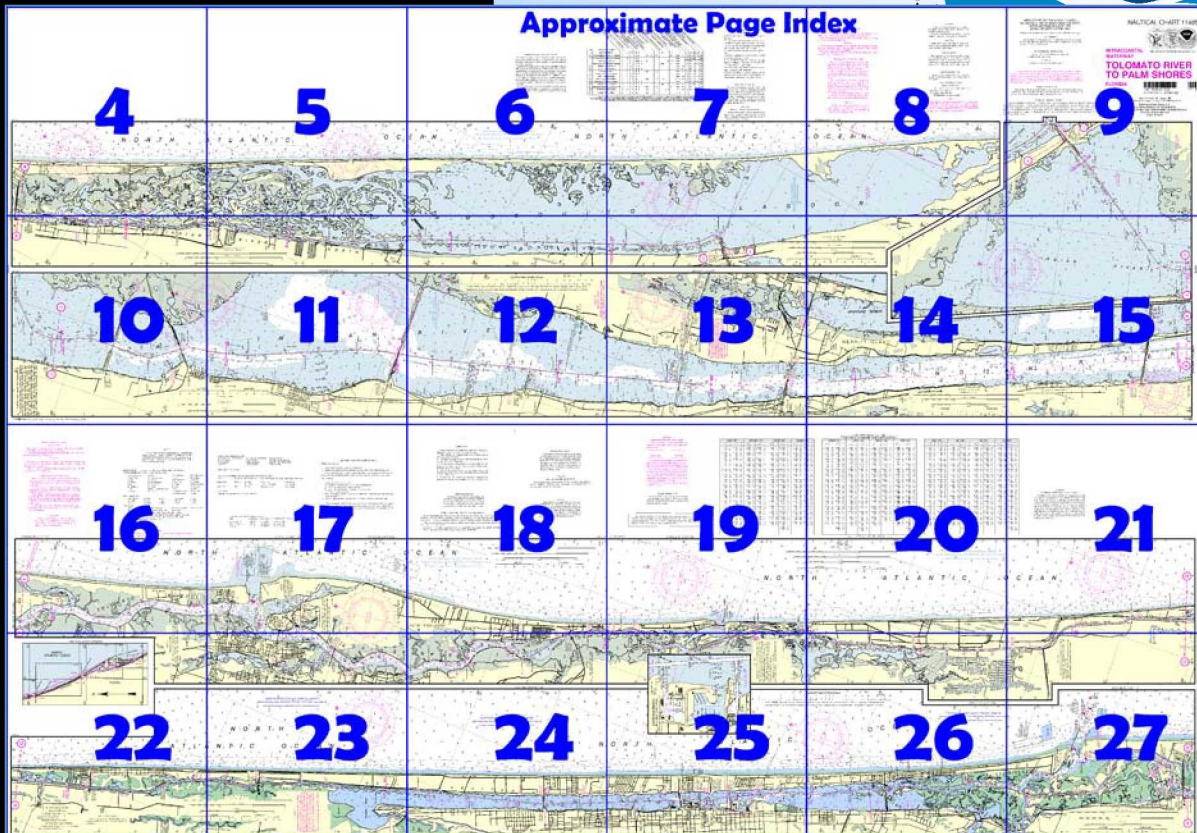
# BookletChart<sup>TM</sup>

## Intracoastal Waterway Tolomato River to Palm Shores (NOAA Chart 11485)



A reduced scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters. When possible, use the full size NOAA chart for navigation.

- ✓ Complete, reduced scale nautical chart
- ✓ Print at home for free
- ✓ Convenient size
- ✓ Up to date with all Notices to Mariners
- ✓ United States Coast Pilot excerpts
- ✓ Compiled by NOAA, the nation's chartmaker.



*Home Edition (not for sale)*





### What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

### What is a BookletChart™?

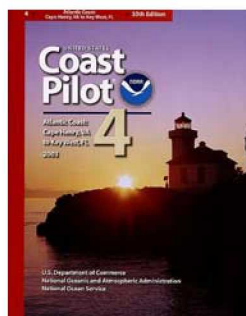
This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at <http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov>.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

### Notice to Mariners Correction Status

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.



#### **[Coast Pilot 4, Chapter 12 excerpts]**

(254) At **Mile 775.6**, a channel marked by daybeacons and a **250°** lighted range leads west to a protected marina. Berths, electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, pump-out station, marine supplies, and wet storage are available.

(255) Severe shoaling had occurred in the Intracoastal Waterway from **Mile 775** southward to **Mile 780**, including the area crossing St. Augustine Inlet. Mariners are advised to seek local knowledge before

transiting.

(256) The **Vilano Beach** Route A1A bridge: Tidal currents run at angles to the bridge and caution is imperative. A marina on the north side of the bridge has berths, electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice and wet storage.

(257) **Matanzas River**. At **Mile 777.9**, Route A1A bridge: Caution is advised because the tidal currents, particularly ebb, run at right angles to the bridge.

(263) At **Mile 788.6**, **Crescent Beach**, Route 206 bridge: Gasoline may be obtained by shallow-draft boats at a fishing camp south of the bridge.

(265) Navigation in the Waterway opposite the breakthrough at Matanzas Inlet at **Mile 794.0** is hazardous during flood and ebb tides. Signs reading "DANGER TURBULENT WATER" have been placed to warn mariners.

(266) **Matanzas Inlet**. Route A1A bridge has a clearance of 10 feet.

Route A1A bridge crossing **Matanzas River** has a clearance of 12 feet; the one crossing the river 1 mile farther south has a clearance of 12 feet.

(267) At **Mile 796.6** is the oceanarium at **Marineland** where marine life are exhibited. On the east side of the waterway a privately marked channel, with a depth of 7 feet leads to the Marineland marina and boat slip. Berths at the marina are south of the boat slip. Depths of 6½ feet are alongside. Gasoline, diesel fuel, and limited marine supplies are available.

(268) A small-craft facility is on the south side of a canal that leads west from the waterway at **Mile 802.8**.

(271) A yacht basin at **Mile 821.8** has Berthage with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, a launching ramp, and marine supplies. Depths of 5 feet are in the approaches and alongside.

(273) **Daytona Beach, Mile 830.0**, is a large resort city with stores, motels, hotels, and restaurants. The city has excellent yacht facilities, and marine supplies can be obtained.

(275) South of the bridge at **Mile 830.7**, a marked channel leads westward to City Dock on the north side of the Municipal Yacht Basin. The channel had a depth of 5½ feet on the centerline. There are berths on the east and south sides with depths of 6½ feet. Water, ice, and electricity are available; meals and lodging are nearby. At the Halifax River Yacht Club, reciprocal courtesies are extended to members of other yacht clubs. Berths with electricity, water, and ice are available. A depth of 8 feet was alongside.

(276) At **Mile 831.0**, a dredged channel marked by daybeacons leads to a small-craft harbor. The depths were 8 feet in the entrance channel and basin.

81) The primary facilities for yachts, other than the Halifax River Yacht Club is 0.3 mile south of Seabreeze Bridge at **Mile 829.4**, and is used for docking, and fueling.

(282) The entrance channel to the other marina leaves the Intracoastal Waterway at **Mile 831.2**, has a marked channel, which had a depth of 7 feet. There are 350 berths. Depths of 7 feet are alongside, and gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, electricity, and marine supplies are available.

(283) **Port Orange**. The boatyard 0.3 mile north of the bridge and the marina adjacent to the bridge have berths with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice and marine supplies. Depths of 8 feet and 3 feet are alongside the boatyard and marina.

(285) **Inlet Harbor**. The depth from the waterway to the harbor was 6 feet; thence 5 feet to **Ponce Inlet**. The channel is along the north shore and is not marked. The wharf at Inlet Harbor has depths of 8 feet. Berthage with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, marine supplies and wet and dry storage are available.

(286) At **Ponce Inlet** there are small-craft facilities where berthage with electricity, gasoline, diesel fuel, water, ice, launching ramps.

(290) At **New Smyrna Beach** are small-craft facilities and the Municipal Yacht Basin.

(296) Regulated speed zones for the protection of manatees are in Haulover Canal and in Bairs Cove on the southeast side of the canal.

(299) **Merritt Island National Wildlife Refuge** is on the east side of the northern part of Indian River.

(300) At **Mile 876.6**, a causeway and railroad bridge has a clearance of 7 feet. The span is normally in the open position, but will close on the approach of trains.

# Table of Selected Chart Notes

**NOTE D**  
Due to continuous shoaling between mile marker 775 and 780 the IAWW magenta course line is not being charted.

**NOTE B**  
The daybeacons are private and positions are approximate.

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**CAUTION**  
Limitations on the use of radio signals as aids to marine navigation can be found in the U.S. Coast Guard Light Lists and National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency Publication 117. Radio direction-finder bearings to commercial broadcasting stations are subject to error and should be used with caution.  
Station positions are shown thus:  
○ (Accurate location)    ◐ (Approximate location)  
FIR 4s 16R 3M 96'

**HEIGHTS**  
Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

**NOTE C**  
Entrances to Inlets  
The channels are subject to continual changes. Entrance buoys are not charted because they are frequently shifted in position.

**CAUTION**  
Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

**CAUTION**  
Small craft should stay clear of large commercial and government vessels even if small craft have the right-of-way.

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**  
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 4 for important supplemental information.

**WARNING**  
The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

**CAUTION**  
**BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES**  
For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

**WARNING**  
The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

**HORIZONTAL DATUM**  
The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 0.995" northward and 0.804" eastward to agree with this chart.

**AIDS TO NAVIGATION**  
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

**NOTE E**  
**SECURITY ZONE**  
Regulations are published in Chapter 10, (Cape Canaveral Chart, 11484) U.S. Coast Pilot 4.

**RACING BUOYS**  
Racing buoys within the limits of this chart are not shown hereon. Information may be obtained from the U.S. Coast Guard District Offices as racing and other private buoys are not all listed in the U.S. Coast Guard Light List.

**NOTE A**  
Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 4. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notices to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Fla., or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville, Fla.  
Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

**(based on NAD 1927)**  
The Florida State Grid, east zone, is indicated on this chart at 10,000 foot intervals thus:  
The last three digits are omitted.

**RADAR REFLECTORS**  
Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

**NOTE A**  
Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilot 4. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notices to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 7th Coast Guard District in Miami, Fla., or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Jacksonville, Fla.  
Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

**AIDS TO NAVIGATION**  
Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

**INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS**  
The U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts, and the exact meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is consulted.  
Aids to navigation marking the Intracoastal Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other waterways.  
When following the Intracoastal Waterway southward from Norfolk, VA to Cross Bank in Florida Bay, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side of the vessel.  
A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

**SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**  
Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 4 for important supplemental information.

**CAUTION**  
Temporary changes or defects in aids to navigation are not indicated on this chart. See Local Notice to Mariners.

**PLANE COORDINATE GRID**  
(based on NAD 1927)  
The Florida State Grid, east zone, is indicated on this chart at 10,000 foot intervals thus:  
The last three digits are omitted.

**CAUTION**  
**SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES**  
Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:  
Pipeline Area      Cable Area

Additional uncharted submarine pipelines and submarine cables may exist within the area of this chart. Not all submarine pipelines and submarine cables are required to be buried, and those that were originally buried may have become exposed. Mariners should use extreme caution when operating vessels in depths of water comparable to their draft in areas where pipelines and cables may exist, and when anchoring, dragging, or trawling.  
Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.

Corrected through NM Aug. 11/07. LNM Aug. 07/07

**NOTE S**  
Regulations for Ocean Dumping Sites are contained in 40 CFR, Parts 220-229. Additional information concerning the regulations and requirements for use of the sites may be obtained from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). See U.S. Coast Pilots appendix for addresses of EPA offices. Dumping subsequent to the survey dates may have reduced the depths shown.

**HORIZONTAL DATUM**  
The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 0.995" northward and 0.804" eastward to agree with this chart.

**CAUTION**  
**WARNINGS CONCERNING LARGE VESSELS**  
The "Rules of the Road" state that recreational boats shall not impede the passage of a vessel that can navigate only within a narrow channel or fairway. Large vessels may appear to move slowly due to their large size but actually transit at speeds in excess of 12 knots, requiring a great distance in which to maneuver or stop. A large vessel's superstructure may block the wind with the result that sailboats and sailboards may unexpectedly find themselves unable to maneuver. Bow and stern waves can be hazardous to small vessels. Large vessels may not be able to see small craft close to their bows.

**SAFETY HINTS**  
1. Keep your chart up to date by applying all Notices to Mariners corrections when you receive them.  
2. Read carefully all notes printed on your chart, each is vital to your safety afloat.  
3. Learn the meaning of each symbol and abbreviation on your chart from Chart No. 1.  
4. The compass on your chart shows the variation from true north however, you must also correct your bearing for the deviation of your boat.  
5. Constantly use your chart from the beginning to end of each trip. Keep in mind the orientation of your boat with respect to the chart.  
6. Maintain your position on the chart by relating charted features with those you can identify in your surroundings.

**INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS**  
The U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts and the exact meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is consulted.  
Aids to navigation marking the Intracoastal Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other waterways.  
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A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

**NOTE H**  
The heavy dashed magenta lines represent launch hazard areas associated with the majority of launches from Cape Canaveral. Launch debris may fall within these areas. See Notice to Mariners or contact the Coast Guard for launch hazard areas specific to each launch and the times they will be in effect.

**HURRICANES AND TROPICAL STORMS**  
Hurricanes, tropical storms and other major storms may cause considerable damage to marine structures, aids to navigation and moored vessels, resulting in submerged debris in unknown locations.  
Charted soundings, channel depths and shoreline may not reflect actual conditions following these storms. Fixed aids to navigation may have been damaged or destroyed. Buoys may have been moved from charted positions, damaged, sunk, extinguished or otherwise made inoperative. Mariners should not rely upon the position or operation of an aid to navigation. Wrecks and submerged obstructions may have been displaced from charted locations. Pipelines may have become uncovered or moved.  
Mariners are urged to exercise extreme caution and are requested to report aids to navigation discrepancies and hazards to navigation to the nearest United States Coast Guard unit.

, Aug./07; Corrected through NM Aug 11/07, LNM Aug. 07/07

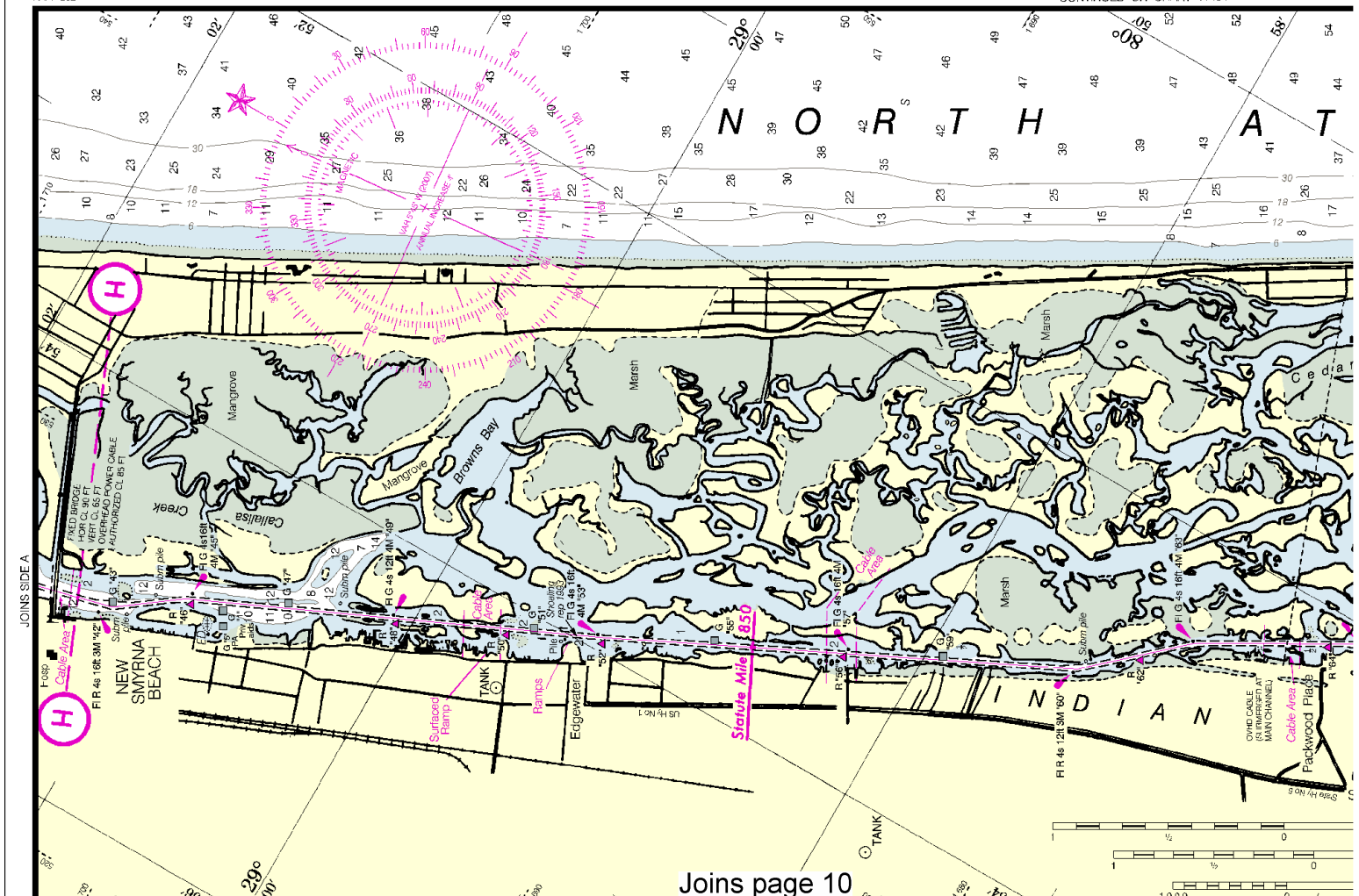
., Aug./07; Corrected through NM Aug. 11/07, LNM Aug. 07/07

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

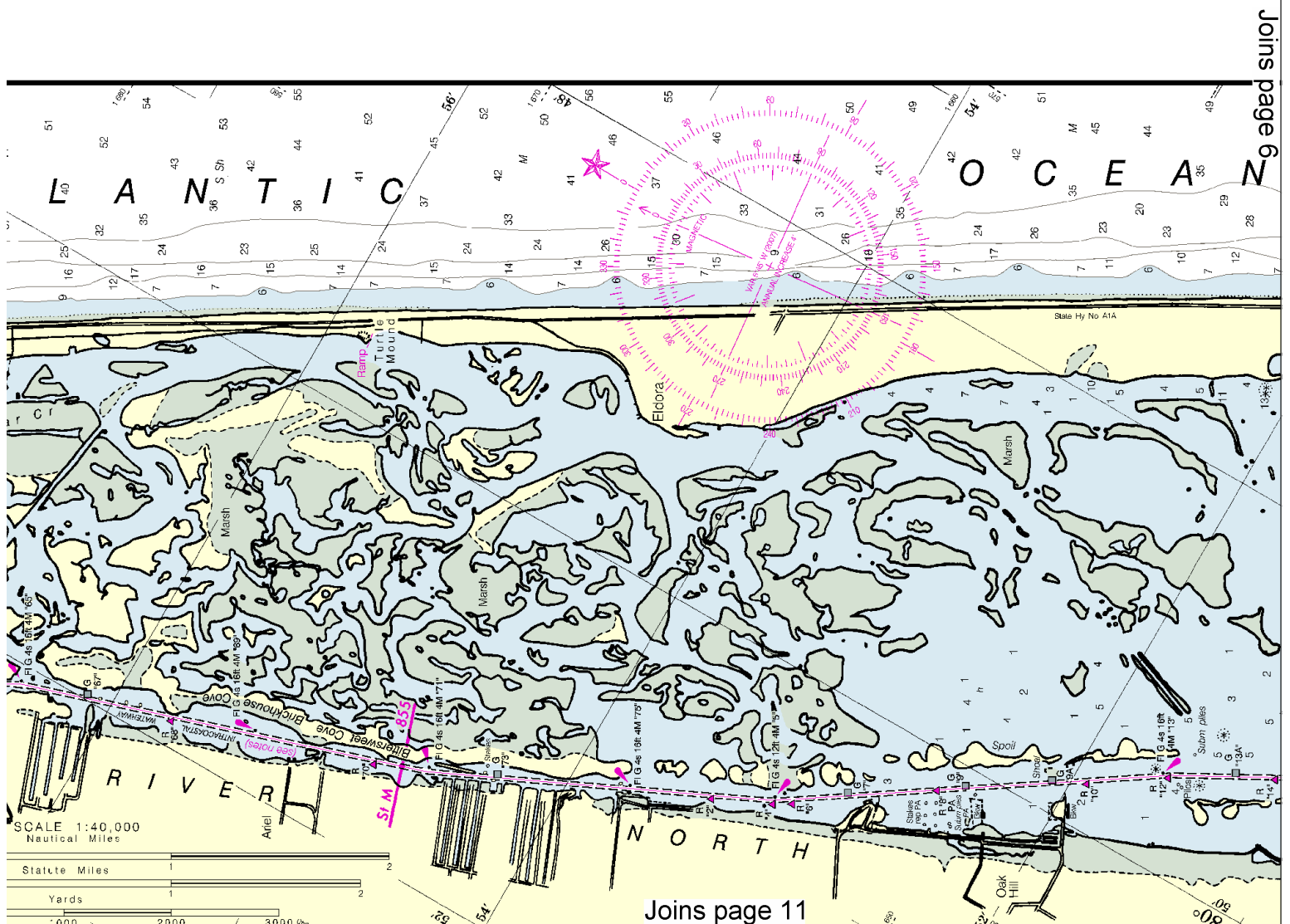
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**BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES**  
For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

**MERCATOR PROJECTION AT SCALE 1:40,000**  
**SOUNDINGS IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER**  
**NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983**  
**(WORLD GEODETIC SYSTEM 1984)**









This BookletChart was reduced to 75% of the original chart scale.  
The new scale is 1:53333. Barscales have also been reduced and  
are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart.

DE A CHART S	
NO	SMALL CRAFT
3	SEA LOVE N
3A	CAMACHEE COVE *
6	ST. AUGUSTINE MUI
14	MARINELANE
15	PALM COAST GOLF
22	ENGLISH JIM
24	HAUFAX HARB
25	DAYTONA I
29	ADVENTURE YAC
32	INLET HARBO
42	NORTH CAUSEV
54C	TITUSVILLE MUNIC
54E	KENNEDY POI
57	HARBORTOWN MARI
57C	HARBOR SQUA
65	PINEDA POINT

THE LOCATION  
THE TABULATED \*APPRC  
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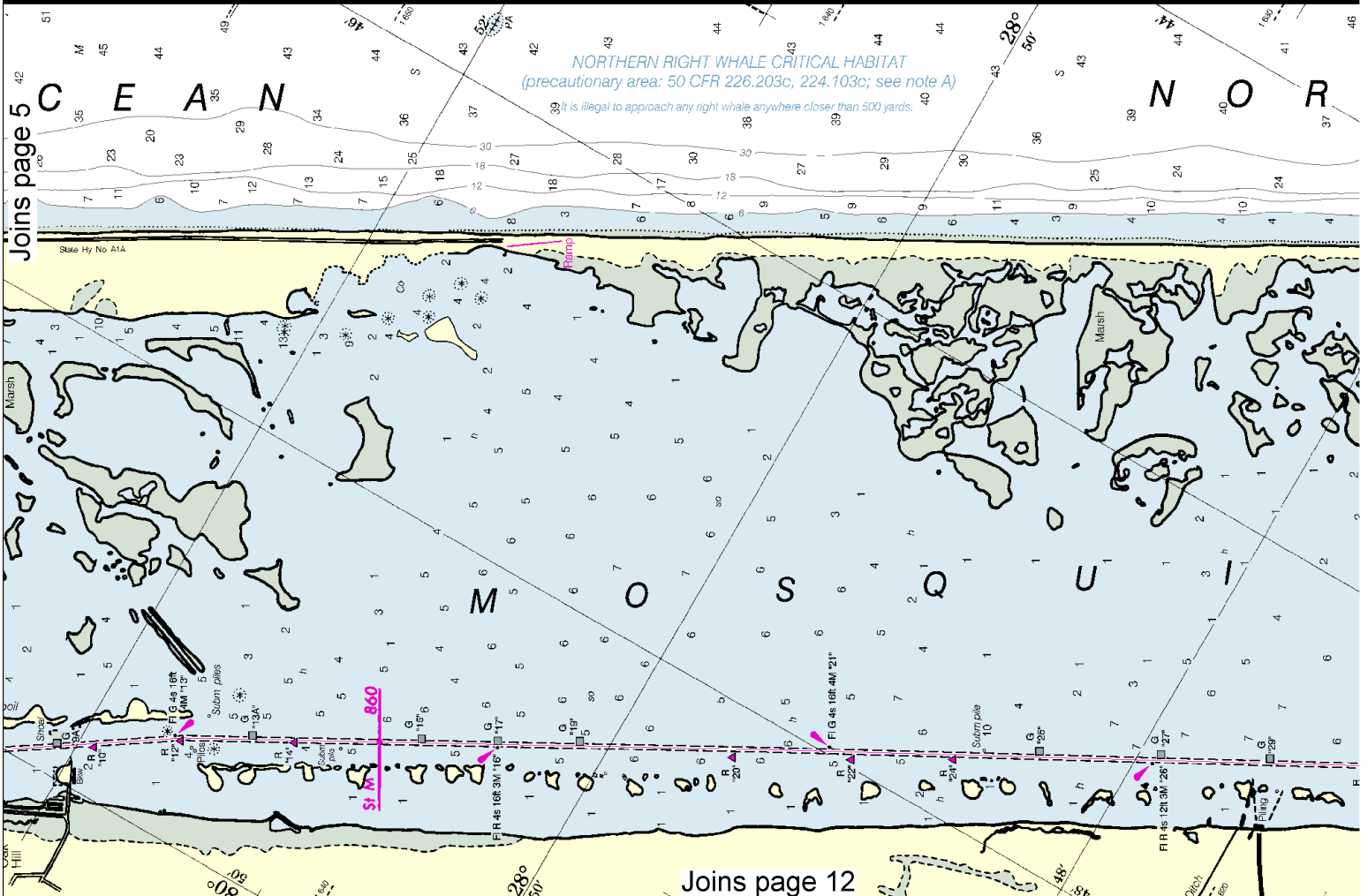
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Formerly 843-SC 1st Ed., 196





DEPTHS	SERVICES										SUPPLIES									
	APPROACH-FEET (REPORTED)	ALONGSIDE-FEET (REPORTED)	BERTHS (REPORTED)	RAMP (REPORTED)	REPAIRS (REPORTED)	MARINE HULL-MOTOR-RADIO	LIFT CAPACITY-TONS	BOAT RENTAL	CHARTER-HOUSE-SAIL	FOOD-LOADING-CAMPING	TOILET'S-SHOWER'S-LAUNDRY	WINTER STORAGE	WATER-ICE	BAIT-TACKLE	DIESEL OIL-GASOLINE	GROCERIES-HARDWARE	NAVIGATIONAL CHART SALES	WET-DRY	PUMP-OUT STATION	AFT FACILITY
E MARINA	A	15	15	B	E						M	C	FL	P		C	WI	GH	BT	DG
E YACHT HARBOR	A	7	7	B	E			HMR	50	50			FL	TSLP	W	C	WI	GH	BT	DG
MUNICIPAL MARINA	A	20	18	B	E							S	FLC	TSLP		C	WI	GH		DG
JND MARINA	A	5	5	BME	S	M							FL	TSLP		C	WI	H	BT	DG
JF RESORT MARINA	A	8	10	B	E	S				CRM			FL	TSLP	WD	C	WI	H	BT	DG
IM'S MARINA	A	6	6	B	E								TSLP	WD		WI	H			DG
RBOR MARINA	A	8	8	B	E	S						F	TSLP	W		WI	H			DG
IA MARINA	A	8	8	B	E			HMR		55			TSLP	W		C	WI	H		DG
YACHT HARBOR	A	6	10	B	E							F	TSLP			C	WI	H		DG
BOB MARINA	A	6	8	B	E							F	TSLP	WD		C	WI	G	BT	DG
EWAY MARINE	A	6	8	B			HMR		10	M			T	P	WD	C	WI	GH	B	DG
MUNICIPAL MARINA	B	8	8	B	E	S							TSLP			C	WI	GH	BT	DG
JOINT MARINA	B	6	6	B	E	S				CRM	S		TSLP	W		WI	GH			DG
ARINA & BOATYARD	B	8	8	B	E			HMR		70			F	TSLP	WD		WI	H		DG
UARE MARINA	B	14	7	B	E			MR			C	S	TSLP	WD		C	WI	H		D
INT MARINA	B	4	4	BM			HMR		12				T	P						D

ONES OF THE ABOVE PUBLIC MARINE FACILITIES ARE SHOWN ON THE CHART BY MAGENTA NUMBERS AND LEADERS.  
 "ROACH-FEET (REPORTED)" IS THE DEPTH AVAILABLE FROM THE NEAREST NATURAL OR DREDGED CHANNEL TO THE FACILITY.  
 "ULATED "PUMP-OUT STATION" IS DEFINED AS FACILITIES AVAILABLE FOR PUMPING OUT BOAT HOLDING TANKS.

#### RULES OF THE ROAD (ABRIDGED)

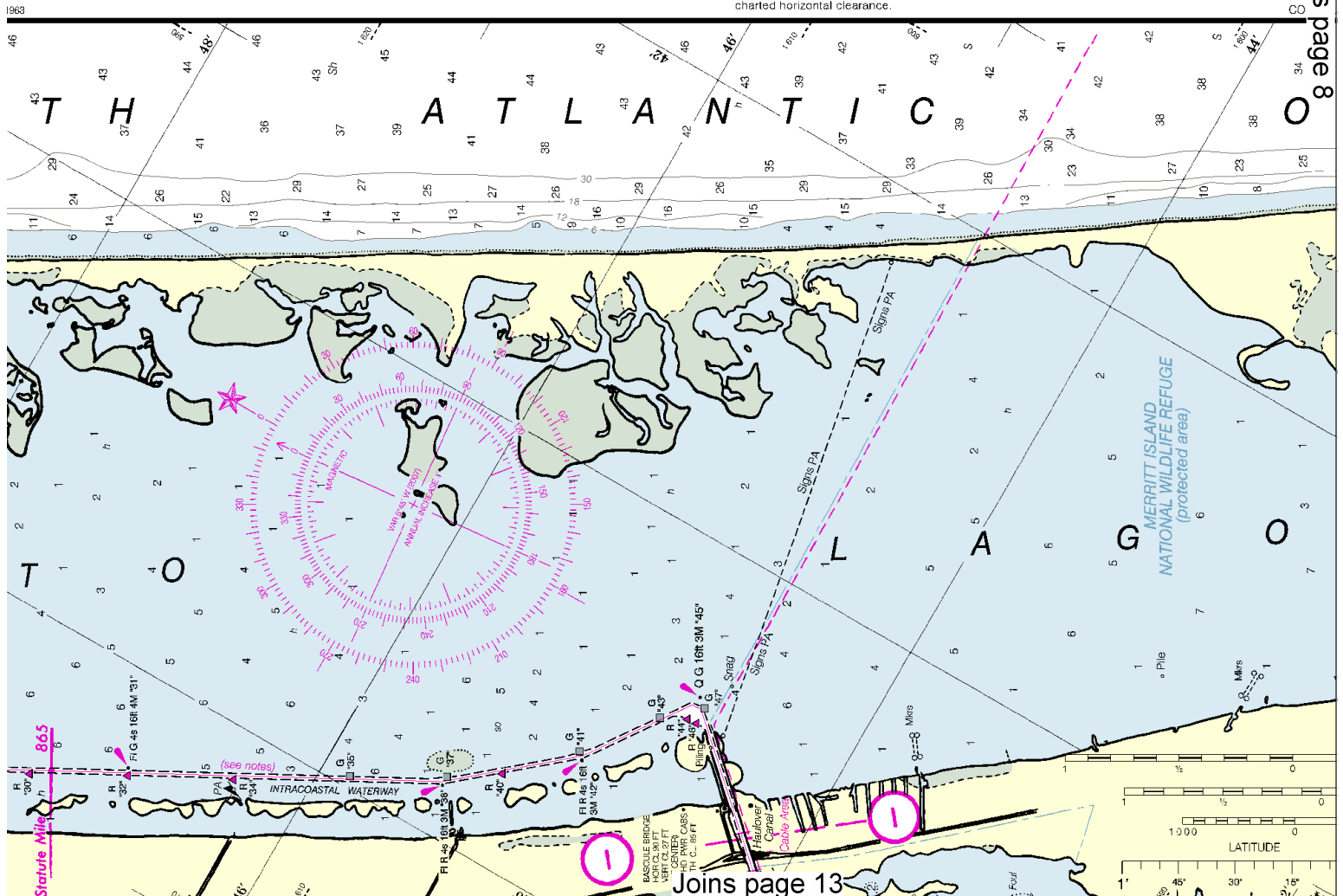
Motorless craft have the right-of-way in almost all cases.  
 Sailing vessels and motorboats less than sixty-five feet in length, shall not hamper, in a narrow channel, the safe passage of a vessel which can navigate only inside that channel.  
 A motorboat being overtaken has the right-of-way.  
 Motorboats approaching head to head or nearly so should pass port to port.  
 When motorboats approach each other at right angles or obliquely, the boat on the right has the right-of-way in most cases.  
 Motorboats must keep to the right in narrow channels, when safe and practicable.  
 Mariners are urged to become familiar with the complete rest of the Rules of the Road in U.S. Coast Guard publication "Navigation Rules".

#### HORIZONTAL DATUM

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#### CAUTION BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES

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**INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY**  
Project Depths

12 feet Norfolk, Va. to Fort Pierce, Fla. 10 feet Fort Pierce, Fla. to Miami, Fla. 7 feet Miami, Fla. to Cross Bank, Florida Bay.  
The controlling depths are published periodically in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners.

**Distances**

The Waterway is indicated by a magenta line. Mileage distances along the Waterway are in Statute Miles, southward from Norfolk, Virginia, and indicated thus: ———→  
Tables for converting Statute Miles to International Nautical Miles are given in U.S. Coast Pilot 4.

**INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS**

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**WARNING**

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

**CAUTION**

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Improved channels shown by broken lines are subject to shoaling, particularly at the edges.

**CAUTION**

Small craft should stay clear of large commercial and government vessels even if small craft have the right-of-way.

**RACING BUOYS**

Racing buoys within the limits of this chart are not shown hereon. Information may be obtained from the U.S. Coast Guard District Offices as racing and other private buoys are not all listed in the U.S. Coast Guard Light List.

**AIDS TO NAVIGATION**

Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

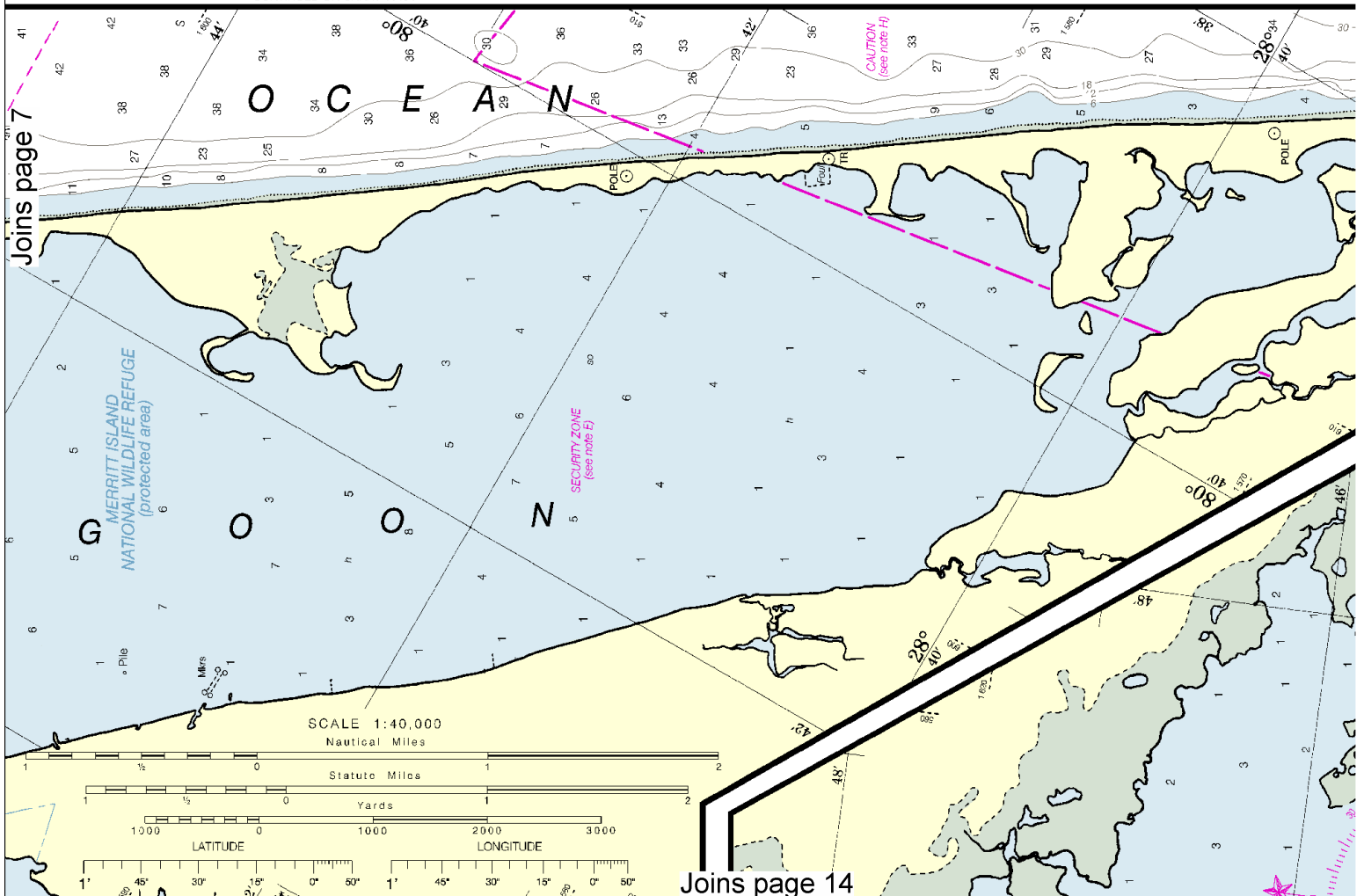
**PLANE COORDINATE GRID**  
(based on NAD 1927)

The Florida State Grid, east zone, is indicated on this chart at  
10,000 foot intervals thus:  
The last three digits are omitted.

**NOTE H**

The heavy dashed magenta lines represent launch hazard areas associated with the majority of launches from Cape Canaveral. Launch debris may fall within these areas. See Notice to Mariners or contact the Coast Guard for launch hazard areas specific to each launch and the times they will be in effect.

CONTINUED ON CHART 11484



Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000  
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.





MERCATOR PROJECTION AT SCALE 1:40,000  
SOUNDINGS IN FEET AT MEAN LOWER LOW WATER  
NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983  
(WORLD GEODETIC SYSTEM 1984)

Additional information can be obtained at [nauticalcharts.noaa.gov](http://nauticalcharts.noaa.gov).

#### AUTHORITIES

Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the Corps of Engineers, Geological Survey, and U.S. Coast Guard.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Consult U.S. Coast Pilot 4 for important supplemental information.

#### HEIGHTS

Heights in feet above Mean High Water.

#### CAUTION

This chart has been corrected from the Notice to Mariners (NM) published weekly by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Local Notice to Mariners (LNM) issued periodically by each U.S. Coast Guard district to the dates shown in the lower left hand corner. Chart updates corrected from Notice to Mariners published after the dates shown in the lower left hand corner are available at [nauticalcharts.noaa.gov](http://nauticalcharts.noaa.gov).

#### POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (33 CFR 153).

#### PRINT-ON-DEMAND CHARTS

NOAA and its partner, OceanGrafix, offer this chart updated weekly by NOAA for Notices to Mariners and critical corrections. Charts are printed when ordered using Print-on-Demand technology. New Editions are available 5-8 weeks before their release as traditional NOAA charts. Ask your chart agent about Print-on-Demand charts or contact NOAA at 1-800-584-4683, <http://NauticalCharts.gov>, [help@NauticalCharts.gov](mailto:help@NauticalCharts.gov), or OceanGrafix at 1-877-566CHART, <http://OceanGrafix.com>, or [help@OceanGrafix.com](mailto:help@OceanGrafix.com).

# NAUTICAL CHART 11485



## INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

# TOLOMATO RIVER TO PALM SHORES

## FLORIDA



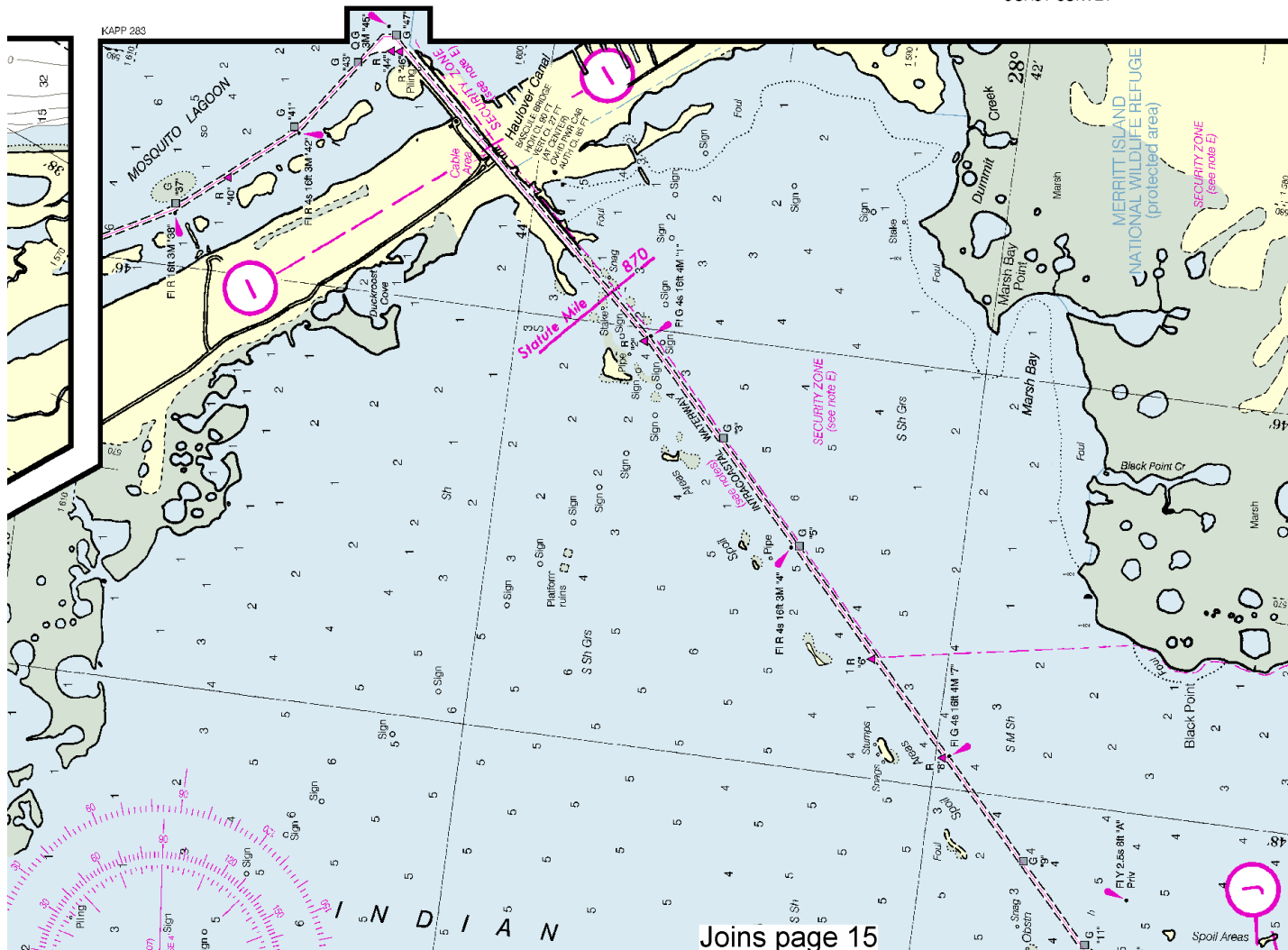
NSN 7642014010252  
NGA REFERENCE NO. 11XHA11485



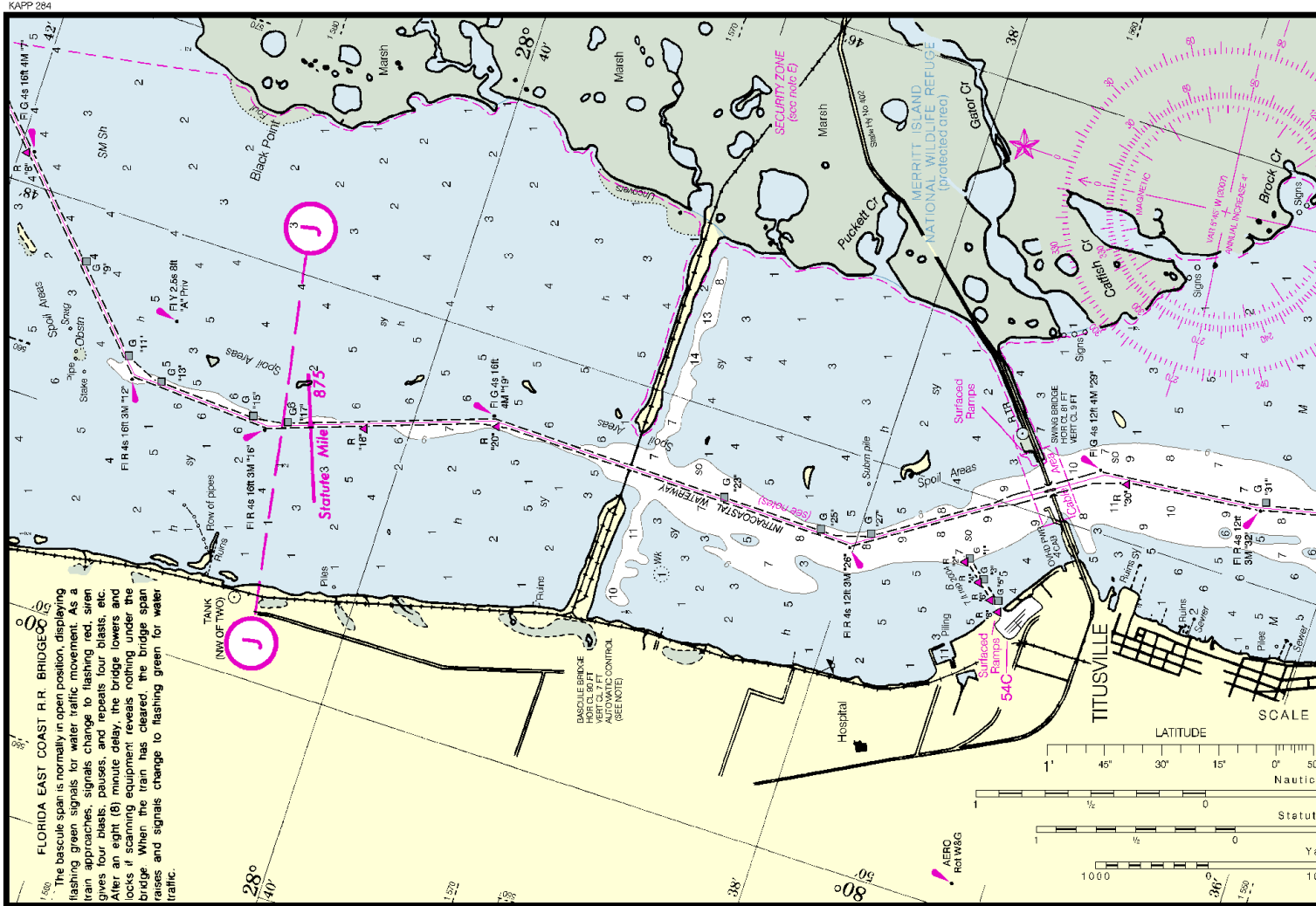
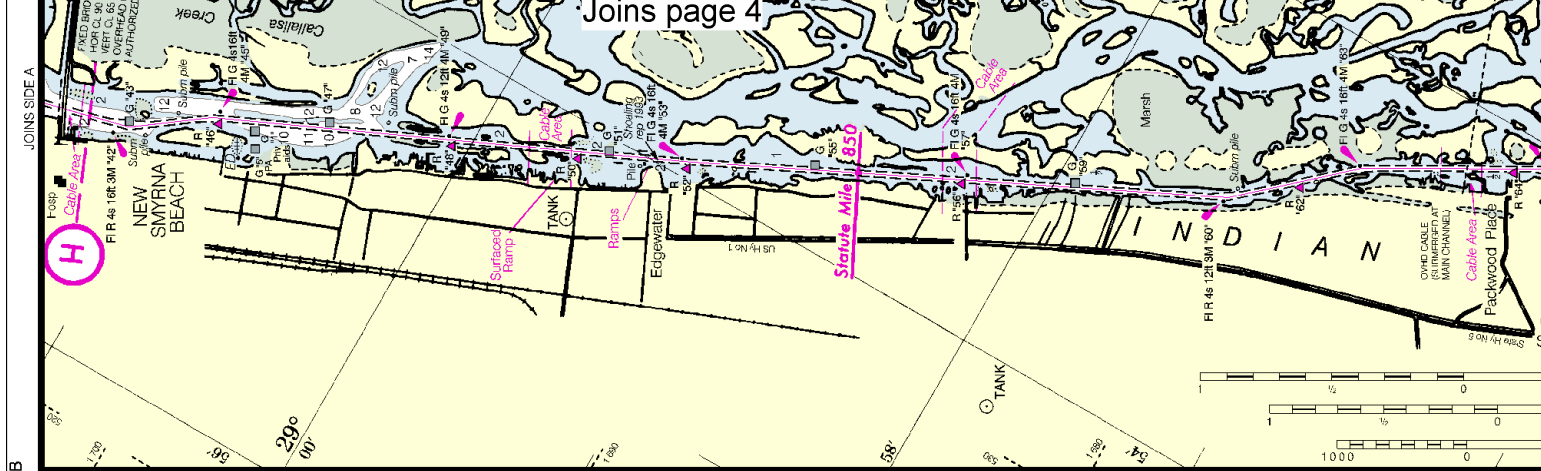
ED. NO. 35

Chart 11485 35th Ed., Aug/07  
Corrected through NM Aug. 11/07. LNM Aug. 07/07

Published at Washington, D.C.  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION  
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE  
COAST SURVEY



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11485 35th Ed., Aug./07; Corrected through NM Aug. 11/07, LNM Aug. 07/07

JOINS page 16

Strong tidal currents exist perpendicular to the Bridge Lions opening. Vessels engaged in towing and pushing operations are advised to consult the bridge opening duties.

MARINE

10

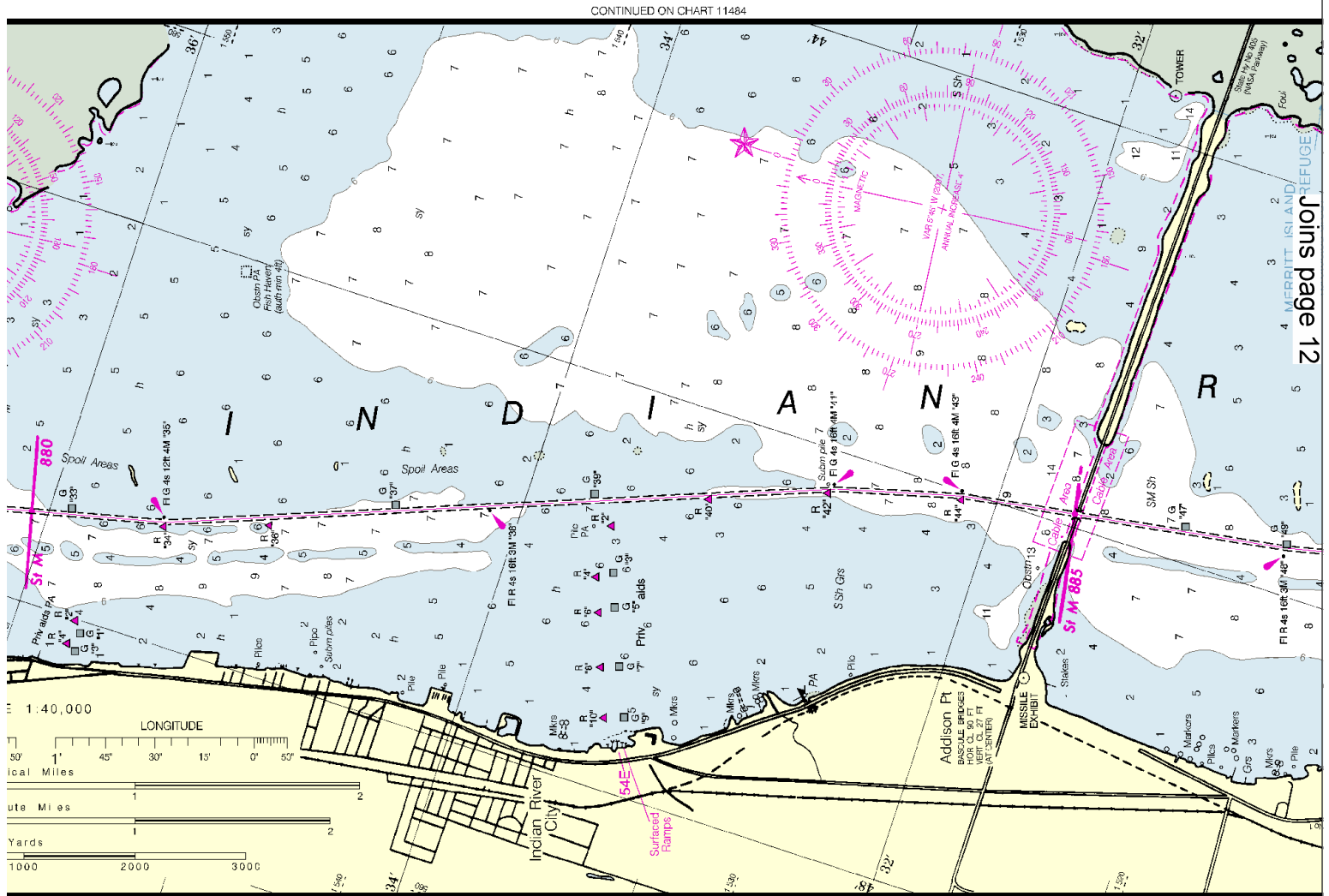
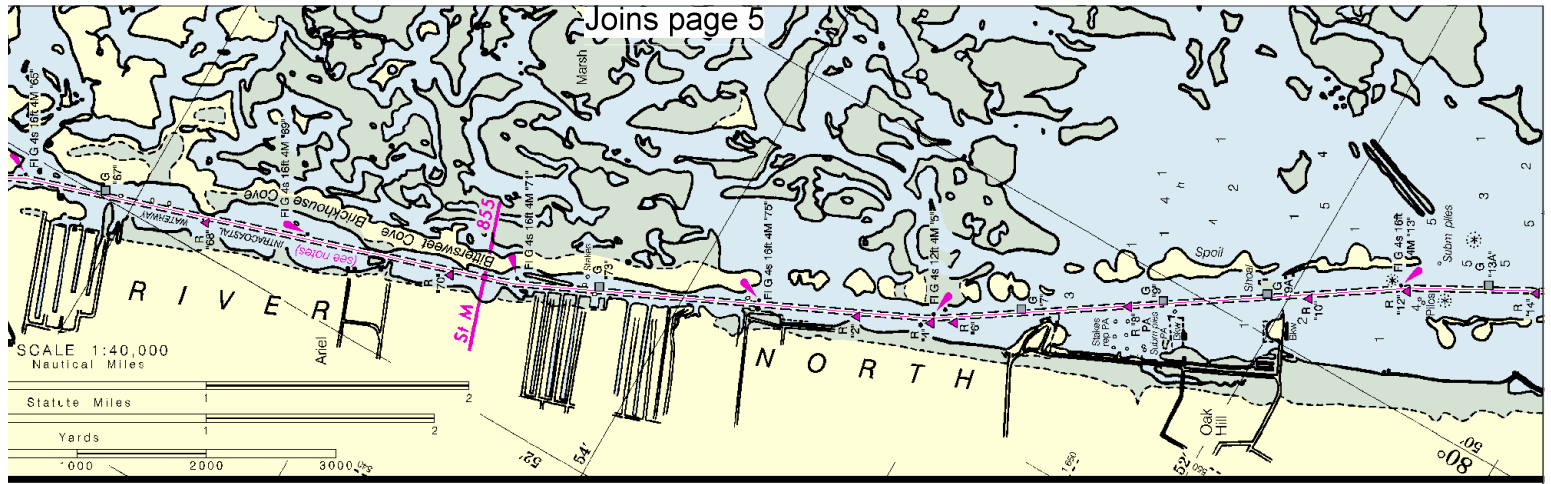
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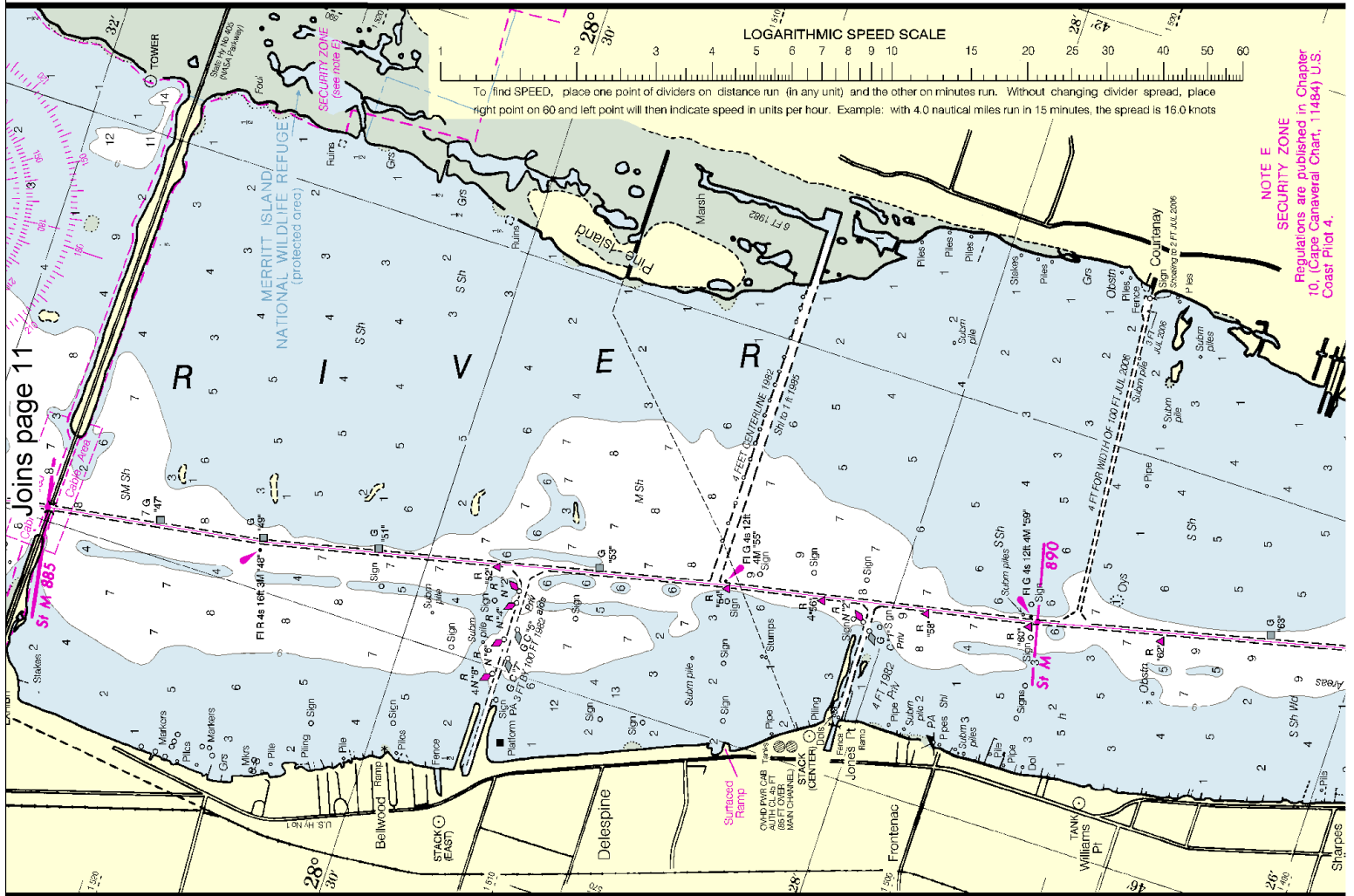
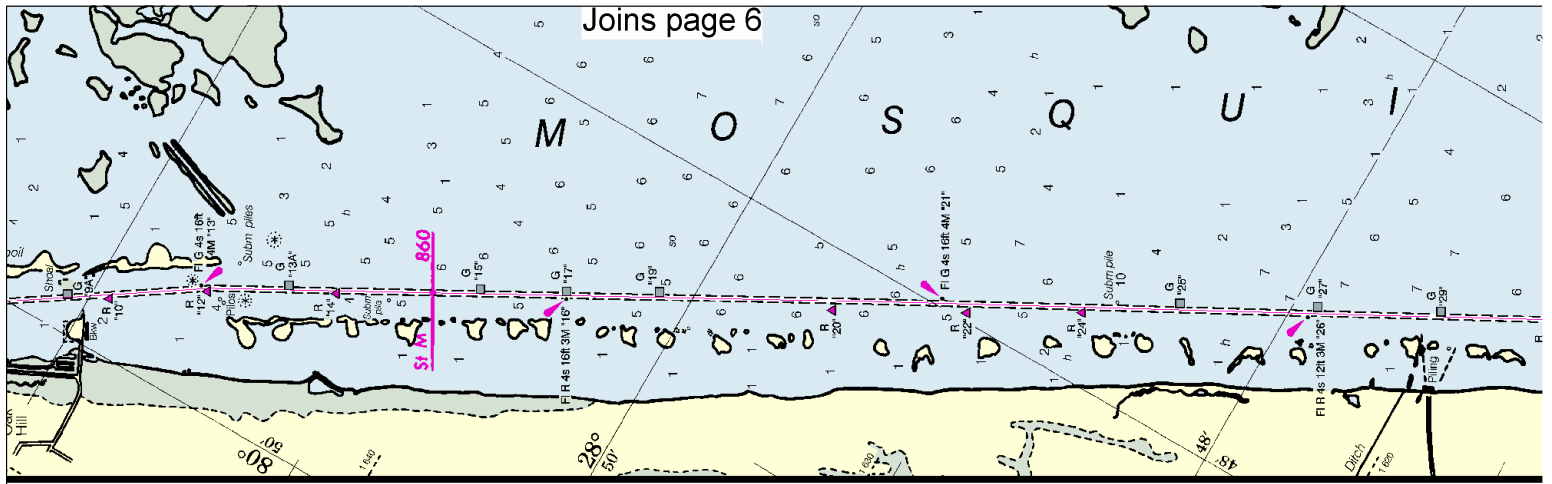
SCALE 1:40,000  
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.









#### SAFETY HINTS

1. Keep your chart up to date by applying all Notices to Mariners corrections when you receive them.
2. Read carefully all notes printed on your chart, each is vital to your safety.

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#### HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which

12

Printed at reduced scale.

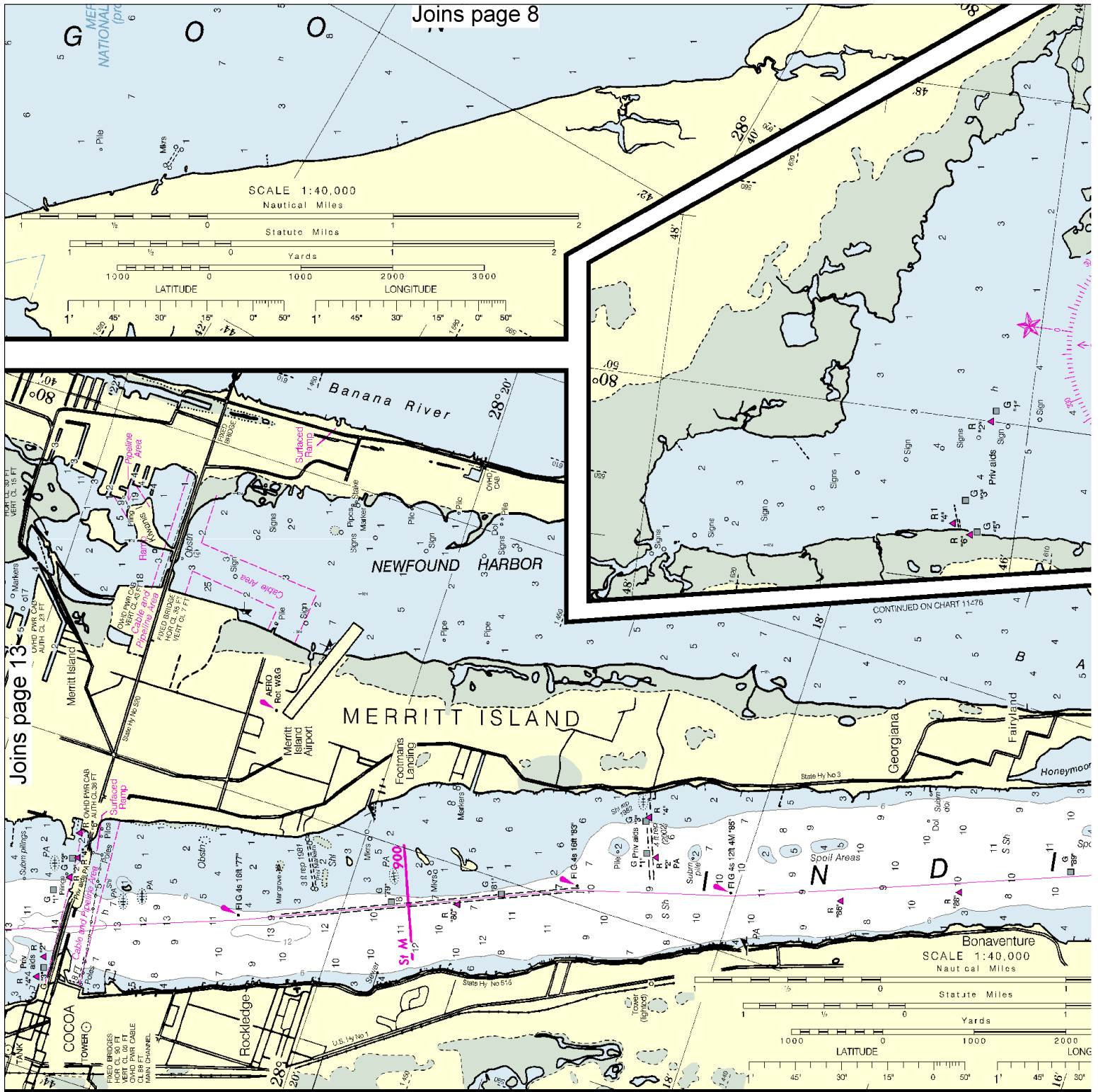
SCALE 1:40,000  
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.









MIAMI HARBOR ENTRANCE, FLA., 2008  
Predicted times and heights of high and low water—Eastern Standard Time For Daylight Saving time, add 1 hour.  
To predict low tide, apply the time difference listed in the hourly tabulations to these tide predictions.

OCTOBER 2007				NOVEMBER 2007				
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	
1	0139	2.4	10	0100	2.7	19	0008	2.4
2	0145	2.5	11	0104	2.8	20	0012	2.5
3	0151	2.6	12	0108	2.9	21	0016	2.6
4	0157	2.7	13	0112	3.0	22	0020	2.7
5	0203	2.8	14	0116	3.1	23	0024	2.8
6	0209	2.9	15	0120	3.2	24	0028	2.9
7	0215	3.0	16	0124	3.3	25	0032	3.0
8	0221	3.1	17	0128	3.4	26	0036	3.1
9	0227	3.2	18	0132	3.5	27	0040	3.2
						28	0044	3.3
						29	0048	3.4
						30	0052	3.5

DECEMBER 2007				JANUARY 2008				
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	
1	0233	3.3	10	0250	3.6	19	0308	3.9
2	0239	3.4	11	0254	3.7	20	0312	4.0
3	0245	3.5	12	0258	3.8	21	0316	4.1
4	0251	3.6	13	0302	3.9	22	0320	4.2
5	0257	3.7	14	0306	4.0	23	0324	4.3
6	0303	3.8	15	0310	4.1	24	0328	4.4
7	0309	3.9	16	0314	4.2	25	0332	4.5
8	0315	4.0	17	0318	4.3	26	0336	4.6
9	0321	4.1	18	0322	4.4	27	0340	4.7
						28	0344	4.8
						29	0348	4.9
						30	0352	5.0

FEBRUARY 2008				MARCH 2008				
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	
1	0358	5.1	10	0415	5.4	19	0433	5.7
2	0404	5.2	11	0419	5.5	20	0437	5.8
3	0410	5.3	12	0423	5.6	21	0441	5.9
4	0416	5.4	13	0427	5.7	22	0445	6.0
5	0422	5.5	14	0431	5.8	23	0449	6.1
6	0428	5.6	15	0435	5.9	24	0453	6.2
7	0434	5.7	16	0439	6.0	25	0457	6.3
8	0440	5.8	17	0443	6.1	26	0501	6.4
9	0446	5.9	18	0447	6.2	27	0505	6.5
						28	0509	6.6
						29	0513	6.7
						30	0517	6.8

APRIL 2008				MAY 2008				
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	
1	0521	6.9	10	0538	7.2	19	0555	7.5
2	0527	7.0	11	0542	7.3	20	0559	7.6
3	0533	7.1	12	0546	7.4	21	0603	7.7
4	0539	7.2	13	0550	7.5	22	0607	7.8
5	0545	7.3	14	0554	7.6	23	0611	7.9
6	0551	7.4	15	0558	7.7	24	0615	8.0
7	0557	7.5	16	0602	7.8	25	0619	8.1
8	0603	7.6	17	0606	7.9	26	0623	8.2
9	0609	7.7	18	0610	8.0	27	0627	8.3
						28	0631	8.4
						29	0635	8.5
						30	0639	8.6

JUNE 2008			
Day	Time	Ht.	Day
1	0643	8.7	10
2	0647	8.8	11
3	0651	8.9	12
4	0655	9.0	13
5	0659	9.1	14
6	0703	9.2	15
7	0707	9.3	16
8	0711	9.4	17
9	0715	9.5	18
10	0719	9.6	19
11	0723	9.7	20
12	0727	9.8	21
13	0731	9.9	22
14	0735	10.0	23
15	0739	10.1	24
16	0743	10.2	25
17	0747	10.3	26
18	0751	10.4	27
19	0755	10.5	28
20	0759	10.6	29
21	0803	10.7	30
22	0807	10.8	
23	0811	10.9	
24	0815	11.0	
25	0819	11.1	
26	0823	11.2	
27	0827	11.3	
28	0831	11.4	
29	0835	11.5	
30	0839	11.6	

Joins page 20

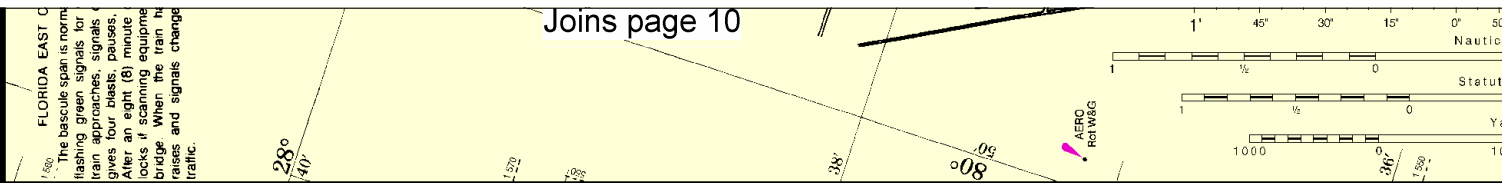


11485

JULY 2008						
Ht.	Time	Ht.	Time	Ht.		
ft.	Day	h.m.	ft.	Day	h.m.	ft.
0.4	1	0823	2.4	16	0036	0.5
2.1	Tu	1222	-0.6	W	0051	2.1
-0.1		1918	2.7		1249	0.0
2.3					1936	2.3
0.4	2	0035	0.0	17	0118	0.4
2.1	W	0723	2.5	Th	0738	2.1
-0.1		1917	-0.8		1530	0.0
2.7		2012	2.8		2017	2.5

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11485 35th Ed., Aug./07; Corrected through NM Aug. 11/07, LNM Aug. 07/07

### INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY

#### Project Depths

12 feet Norfolk, VA to Fort Pierce FL; 10 feet Fort Pierce, FL to Miami FL; 7 feet Miami, FL to Cross Bank, Florida Bay.

The controlling depths are published periodically in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners.

#### Distances

The Waterway is indicated by a magenta line. Mileage distances along the waterway are in Statute Miles, southward from Norfolk, Virginia, and indicated thus: .

Tables for converting Statute Miles to International Nautical Miles are given in U.S. Coast Pilot 4.

### INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY AIDS

The U.S. Aids to Navigation System is designed for use with nautical charts and the exact meaning of an aid to navigation may not be clear unless the appropriate chart is consulted.

Aids to navigation marking the Intracoastal Waterway exhibit unique yellow symbols to distinguish them from aids marking other waterways.

When following the Intracoastal Waterway southward from Norfolk, VA to Cross Bank in Florida Bay, aids with yellow triangles should be kept on the starboard side of the vessel and aids with yellow squares should be kept on the port side of the vessel.

A horizontal yellow band provides no lateral information, but simply identifies aids to navigation as marking the Intracoastal Waterway.

### WARNING

The prudent mariner will not rely solely on any single aid to navigation, particularly on floating aids. See U.S. Coast Guard Light List and U.S. Coast Pilot for details.

### NOTE F

Strong tidal currents exist perpendicular to the Bridge of Lions opening. Vessels engaged in towing and pushing operations are advised to transit the bridge opening during slack tide and, if necessary, breakdown the tow in small units or use adequate tugs.

### ABBREVIATIONS (For complete list of Symbols and Abbreviations, see Chart No. 1.)

Aids to Navigation (lights are white unless otherwise indicated):

AERO aeronautical	G green	Mo Morse code	R TR radio tower
Al alternating	IQ interrupted quick	N nun	Rot rotating
B black	iso isophase	CBSC obscured	s seconds
Bn beacon	LT HO lighthouse	Cc occulting	SEC sector
C can	M nautical mile	Or orange	St M statute miles
DIA diaphone	m minutes	Q quick	VQ very quick
F fixed	MICRO TR microwave tower	P red	W white
Fl flashing	Mk marker	Pa Rof radar reflector	WHIS whistle
		R Bn radiobeacon	Y yellow

### Bottom characteristics:

Bls boulders	Co coral	gy GRAY	Oys oysters	sn soft
bk broken	G gravel	h hard	RK rock	Sh shells
Cy clay	GrS grass	M mud	S sand	sy sticky

### Miscellaneous:

AUTH authorized	Obsn obstruction	PD position doubtful	Subm submerged
ED existence doubtful	PA position approximate	Rep reported	
(1) Wreck, rock, obstruction, or shoal swept clear to the depth indicated.			
(2) Rocks that cover and uncover, with heights in foot above datum of soundings.			
COLREGS: International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972.			
Demarcation lines are shown thus:			

MARINE  
NATION  
Jackson  
Malibour  
Miami, F

\*Recor

WEATH

CITY

Mayport,

Miami, Fl

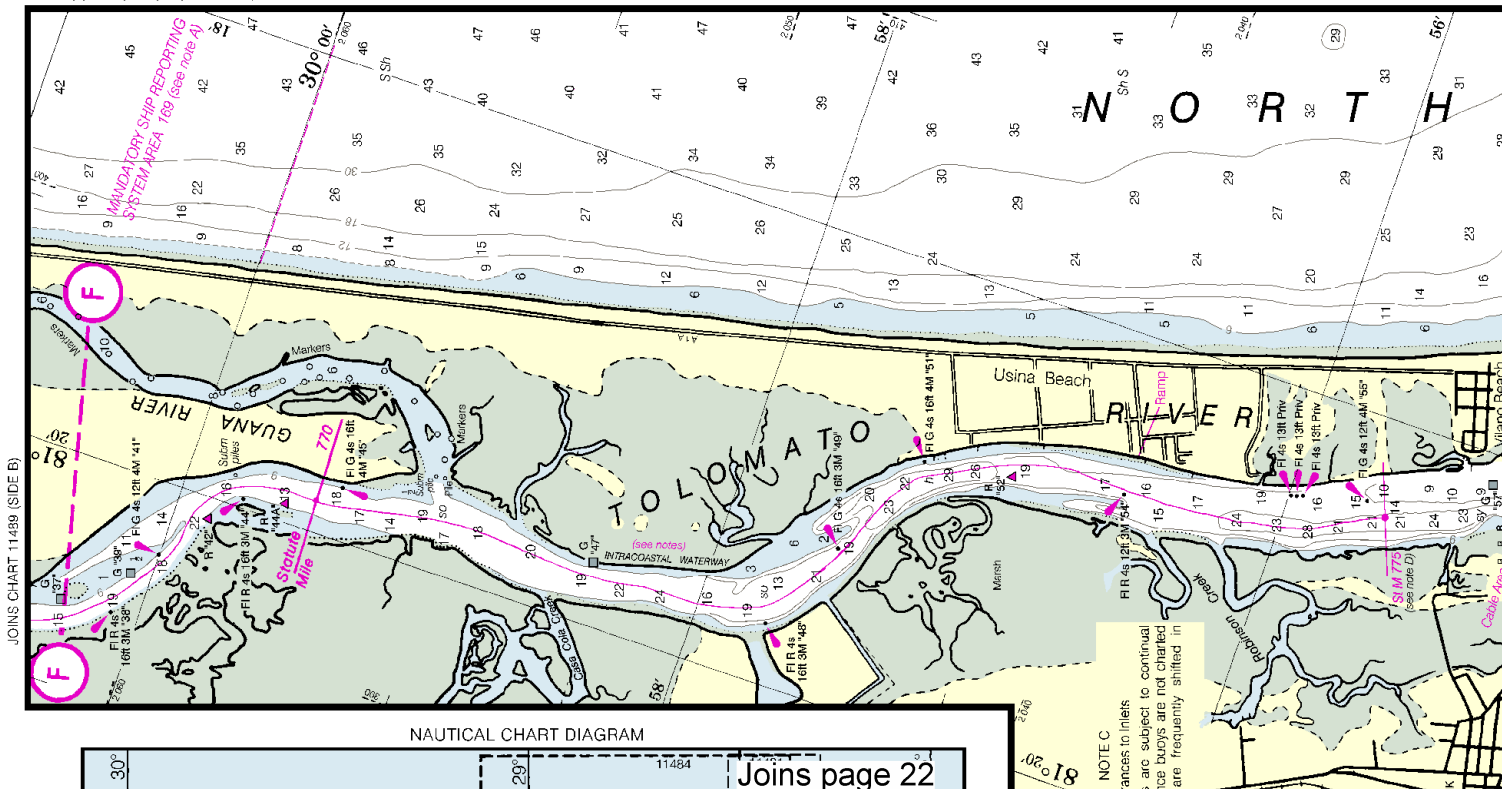
\*Local Ti

+Proced

### FACILITIES

Locations of public marine facilities are shown by large magenta numbers with leaders and refer to the facility tabulation.

CONTINUED ON CHART 11488

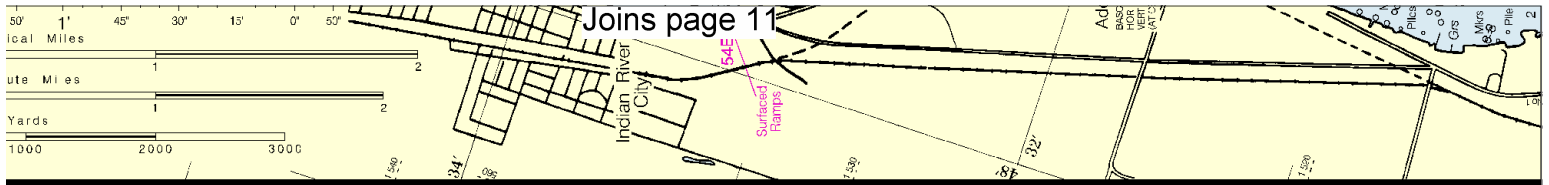


Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000  
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.





NE WEATHER FORECASTS  
ONAL WEATHER SERVICE  
orville, FL  
ume, FL  
l, FL

TELEPHONE NUMBERS  
\*(904) 741-4311  
\*(321) 255-0212  
(305) 229-4522

OFFICE HOURS  
8:30 AM-5:00 PM (Mon-Fri)  
8:00 AM-4:00 PM (Mon-Fri)  
24 Hours daily

#### WEATHER RULES FOR SAFE BOATING

Before setting out:

1. Check local weather and sea conditions.
  2. Obtain the latest weather forecast for your area from radio broadcasts.
- When warnings are in effect, don't go out unless you are confident your boat can be navigated safely under forecast conditions of wind and sea.

While afloat:

1. Keep a weather eye out for:
  - A. A sudden vertical cumulus cloud development
  - B. A sudden change in wind direction
  - C. A sudden noticeable increase in wind velocity
  - D. A drop in temperature
2. Be alert to heavy static on your AM radio which may indicate approaching thunderstorms
3. Check radio weather broadcasts for latest forecasts and warnings

Thunder squalls often occur on warm, moist afternoons and are a great hazard to the mariner. They can have wind gusts up to 80 mph and hit almost without warning. To survive a squall, you must prevent being capsized or blow to leeward into danger.

orded (24 Hours daily)

#### OTHER INFORMATION BY MARINE RADIOTELEPHONE

	STATION	FREQUENCY	DAILY BROADCAST-EST	SPECIAL WARNING
rtl, Fla	NMA-10	2670 kHz	1:20 a.m. & p.m.	+On Receipt
		157.1 MHz	7:15 a.m. & 5:15 p.m.	+On Receipt
, Fla	NCF	2670 kHz	*10:50 a.m. & p.m.	+On Receipt

1 Times

oded by Announcement on 2182 kHz/156.8 MHz

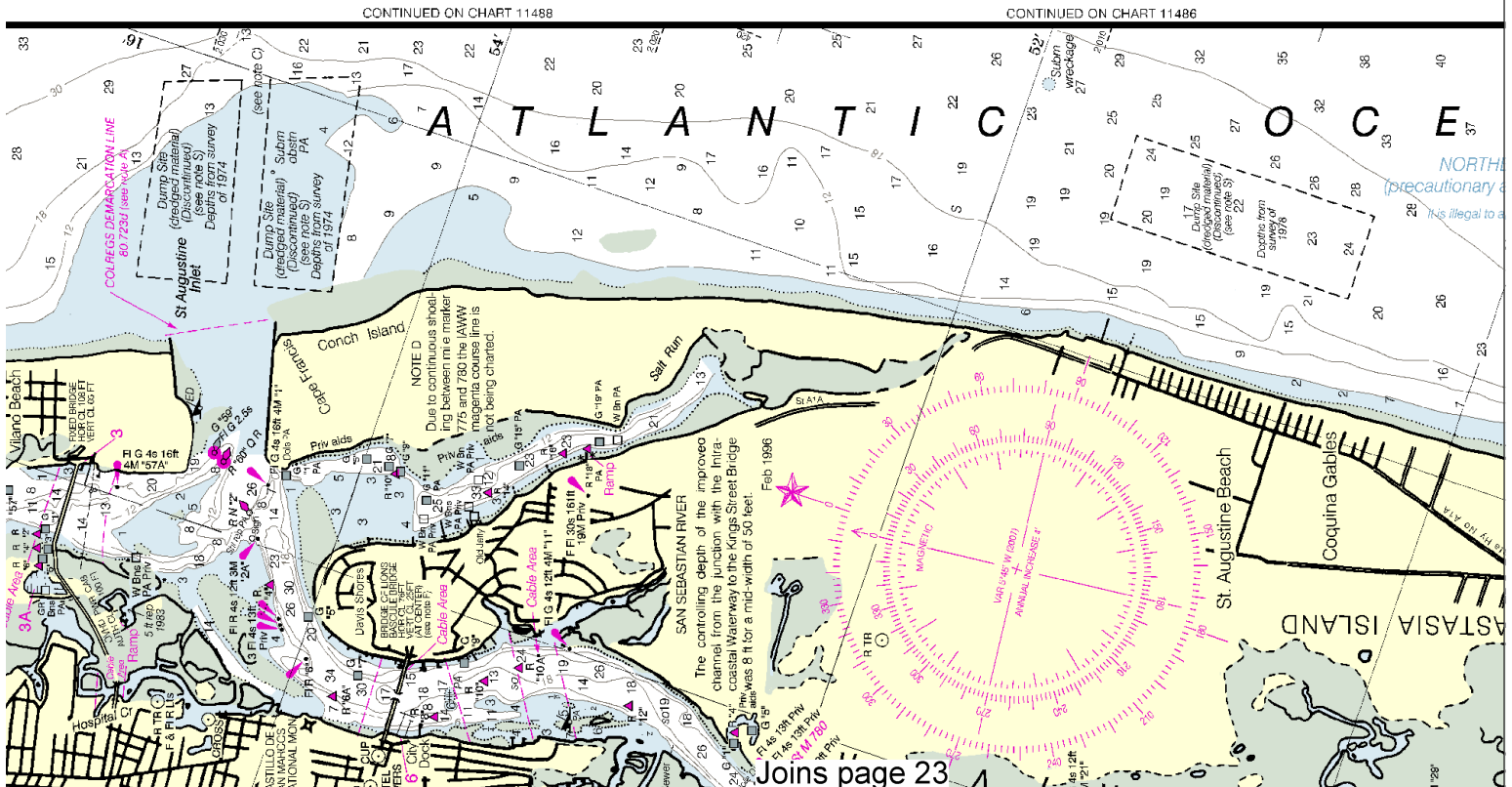
#### CONTINUOUS MARINE BROADCASTS

CITY	STATION	FREQUENCY	BROADCAST TIMES
Jacksonville, Fla.	KH3-39	162.55 MHz	24 Hours Daily
Daytona Beach, Fla.	KIH-26	162.40 MHz	24 Hours Daily
Melbourne, Fla.	WXJ-70	162.55 MHz	24 Hours Daily

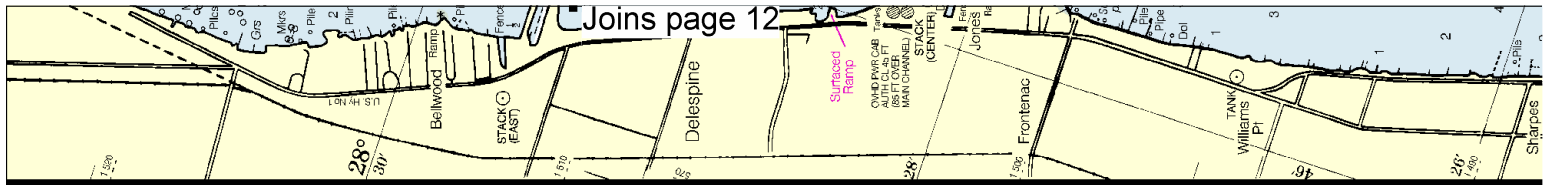
The United S  
bootmen, cond  
States. For info

LSPS-Local Sold  
N.C. 27612, 919-82

USCGAUX - 7th C  
or USCG Headquar



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#### SAFETY HINTS

1. Keep your chart up to date by applying all Notices to Mariners corrections when you receive them.
2. Read carefully all notes printed on your chart, each is vital to your safety afloat.
3. Learn the meaning of each symbol and abbreviation on your chart from Chart No. 1.
4. The compass on your chart shows the variation from true north however, you must also correct your bearing for the deviation of your boat.
5. Constantly use your chart from the beginning to end of each trip. Keep in mind the orientation of your boat with respect to the chart.
6. Maintain your position on the chart by relating charted features with those you can identify in your surroundings.

#### HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 must be corrected an average of 0.995' northward and 0.804' eastward to agree with this chart.

#### CAUTION

##### BASCULE BRIDGE CLEARANCES

For bascule bridges, whose spans do not open to a full upright or vertical position, unlimited vertical clearance is not available for the entire charted horizontal clearance.

#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The National Ocean Service acknowledges the exceptional cooperation received from members of Flotilla 070-04-06 of the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary for continually providing essential information for revising this chart.

#### PUBLIC BOATING INSTRUCTION PROGRAMS

The United States Power Squadrons and U. S. Coast Guard Auxiliary, national organizations of boatmen, conduct extensive boating instruction programs in communities throughout the United States. For information regarding these educational courses, contact the following sources:

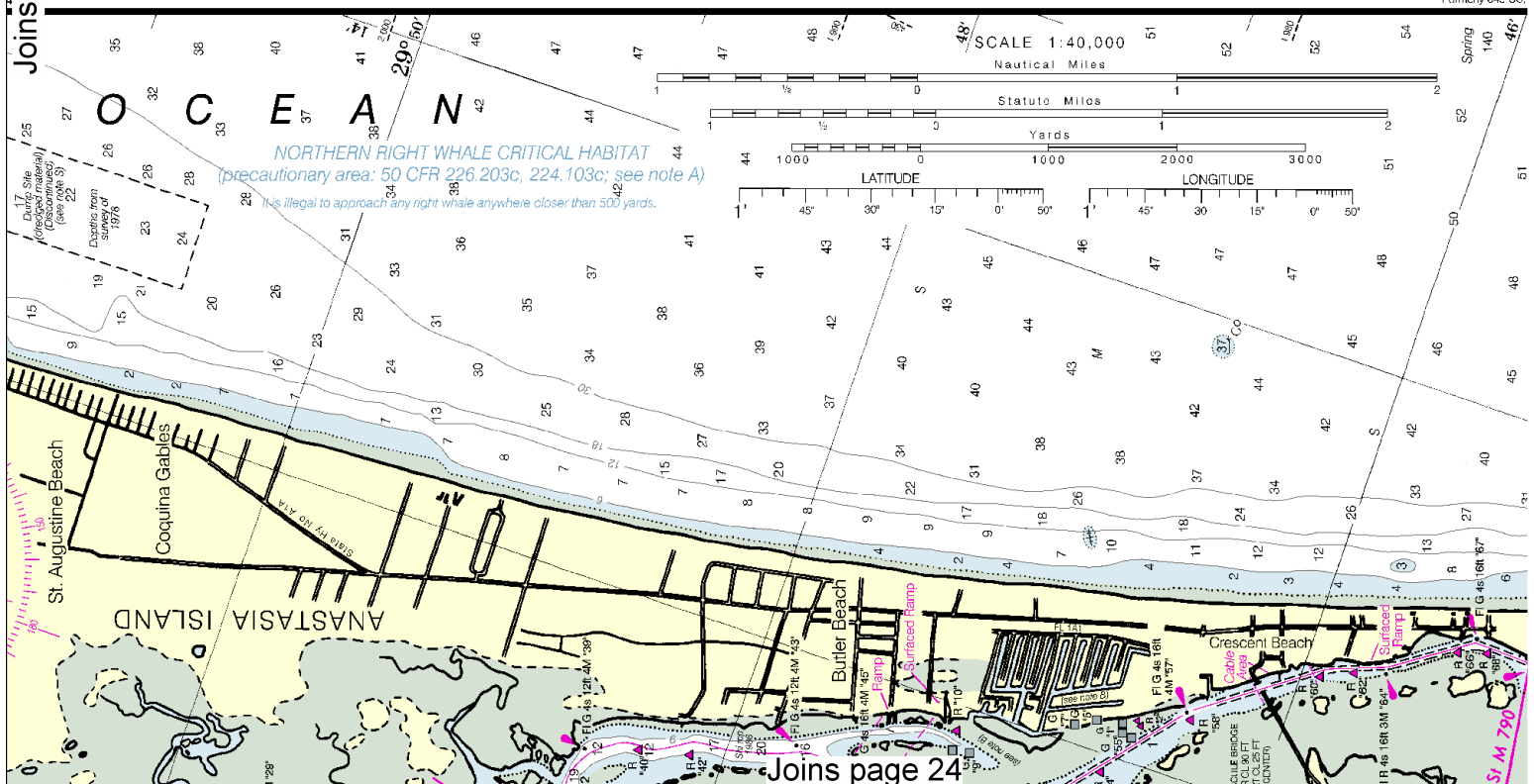
USPS-Local Squadron Commander or USPS Headquarters, Post Office Box 30423, Raleigh, N.C. 27612, 919-821-0281.

USCGAUX - 7th Coast Guard District, 51 Southwest First Ave., Miami, Fla. 33130, 305-350-5697 or USCG Headquarters (G-BAU), Washington, D.C. 20593-0001.

#### NOTES

Regulations for Ocean Dumping Sites are contained in 40 CFR, Parts 220-229. Additional information concerning the regulations and requirements for use of the sites may be obtained from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). See U.S. Coast Pilots appendix for addresses of EPA offices. Dumping subsequent to the survey dates may have reduced the depths shown.

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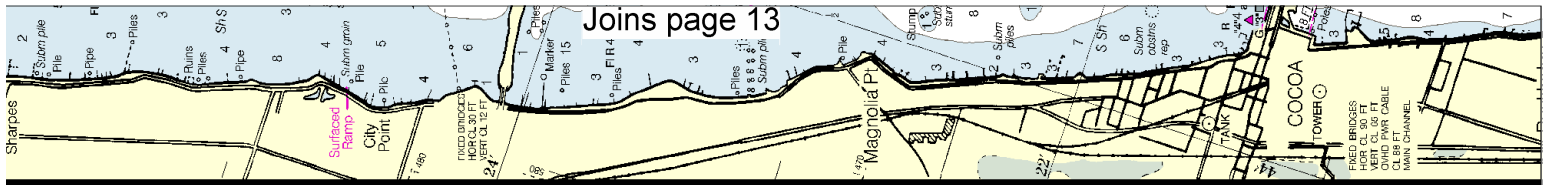
Printed at reduced scale.

SCALE 1:40,000  
Nautical Miles

See Note on page 5.







Joins page 13

**CAUTION**  
**SUBMARINE PIPELINES AND CABLES**  
 Charted submarine pipelines and submarine cables and submarine pipeline and cable areas are shown as:



Additional uncharted submarine pipelines and submarine cables may exist within the area of this chart. Not all submarine pipelines and submarine cables are required to be buried, and those that were originally buried may have become exposed. Mariners should use extreme caution when operating vessels in depths of water comparable to their draft in areas where pipelines and cables may exist, and when anchoring, dragging, or trawling. Covered wells may be marked by lighted or unlighted buoys.

#### RADAR REFLECTORS

Radar reflectors have been placed on many floating aids to navigation. Individual radar reflector identification on these aids has been omitted from this chart.

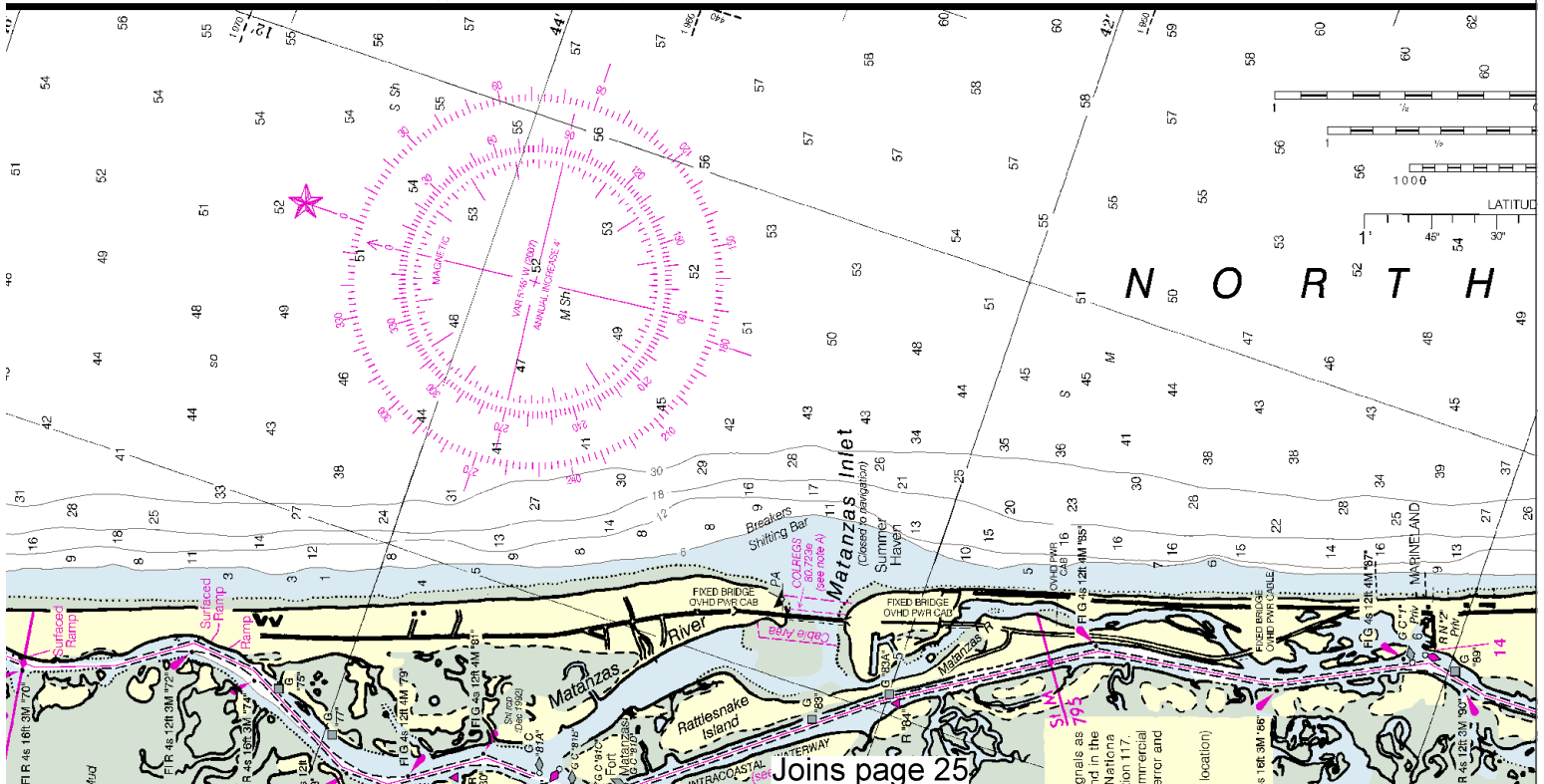
This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (NCS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

AUGUST 2007			SEPTEMBER 2007			OCTOBER 2007			NOVEMBER 2007		
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.
1	0328	-0.1	15	0408	-0.2	1	0459	-0.1	16	0441	-0.7
2	1008	3.6	16	1038	2.6	2	1017	3.0	17	1038	2.7
3	1347	-0.1	17	1357	-0.2	3	1357	0.3	18	1347	0.3
4	1656	0.0	18	1706	0.0	4	1656	0.0	19	1656	0.0
5	2014	-0.1	19	2044	-0.2	5	2033	-0.1	20	2038	0.8
6	2315	0.6	20	2345	0.6	6	2325	0.6	21	2325	0.6
7	0603	0.0	21	0633	0.0	7	0603	0.0	22	0603	0.0
8	0903	0.0	22	0933	0.0	8	0903	0.0	23	0903	0.0
9	1203	0.0	23	1233	0.0	9	1203	0.0	24	1203	0.0
10	1503	0.0	24	1533	0.0	10	1503	0.0	25	1503	0.0
11	1803	0.0	25	1833	0.0	11	1803	0.0	26	1803	0.0
12	2103	0.0	26	2133	0.0	12	2103	0.0	27	2103	0.0
13	2403	0.0	27	2433	0.0	13	2403	0.0	28	2403	0.0
14	0103	0.0	28	0133	0.0	14	0103	0.0	29	0103	0.0
15	0403	0.0	29	0433	0.0	15	0403	0.0	30	0403	0.0
16	0703	0.0	30	0733	0.0	16	0703	0.0	31	0703	0.0
17	1003	0.0	31	1033	0.0	17	1003	0.0			
18	1303	0.0				18	1303	0.0			
19	1603	0.0				19	1603	0.0			
20	1903	0.0				20	1903	0.0			
21	2203	0.0				21	2203	0.0			
22	2503	0.0				22	2503	0.0			
23	2803	0.0				23	2803	0.0			
24	3103	0.0				24	3103	0.0			
25	0403	0.0				25	0403	0.0			
26	0703	0.0				26	0703	0.0			
27	1003	0.0				27	1003	0.0			
28	1303	0.0				28	1303	0.0			
29	1603	0.0				29	1603	0.0			
30	1903	0.0				30	1903	0.0			
31	2203	0.0				31	2203	0.0			

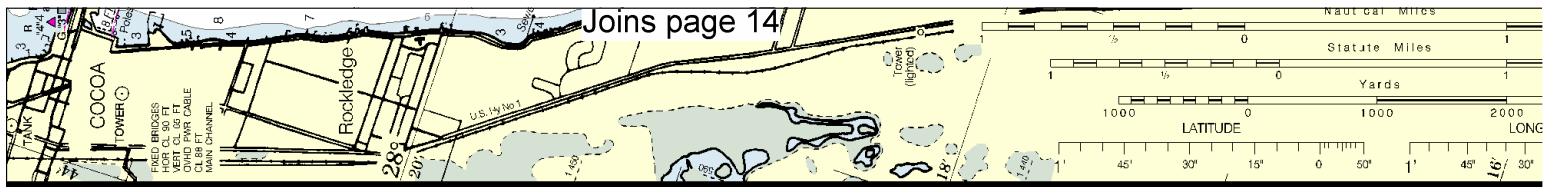
Joins page 20

XC, 1st Ed., 1963, KAPP 279

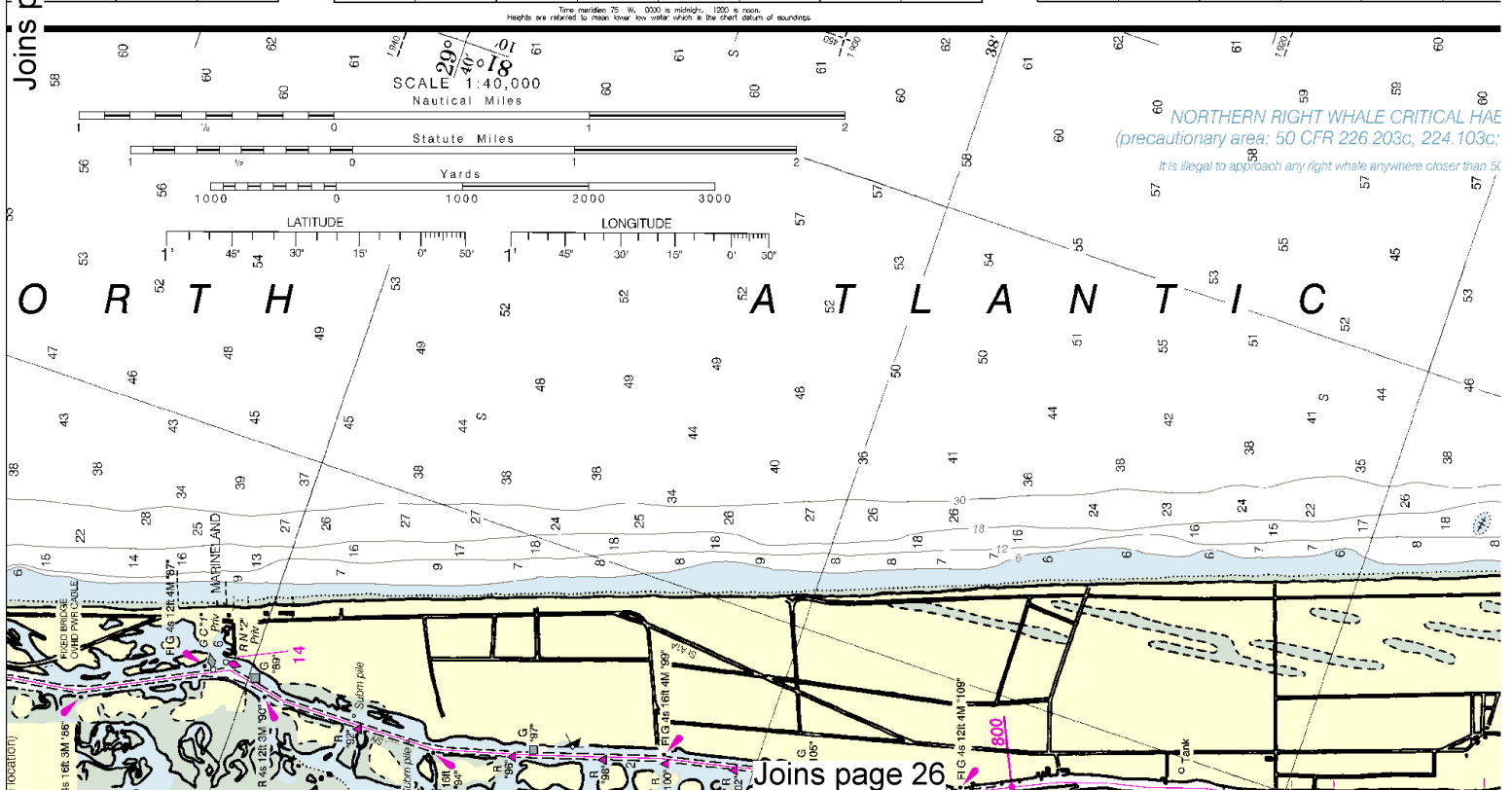
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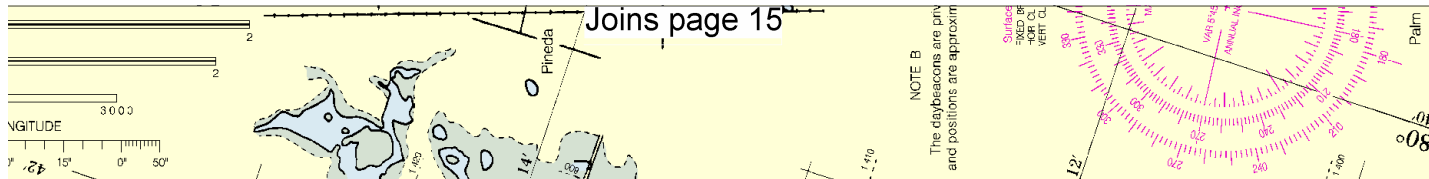


Joins page 25



MIAMI HARBOR ENTRANCE, FLA., 2008											
Predicted times and heights of high and low water-Easter Standard Time. For Daylight Saving time, add 1 hour.											
To predict local low, apply the time difference listed in the hourly table to the local low predictions.											
OCTOBER 2007			NOVEMBER 2007			DECEMBER 2007			JANUARY 2008		
Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.
1	0441	0.7	1	0100	2.7	1	0109	2.4	1	0109	2.4
2	0441	0.7	2	0100	2.7	2	0109	2.4	2	0109	2.4
3	0441	0.7	3	0100	2.7	3	0109	2.4	3	0109	2.4
4	0441	0.7	4	0100	2.7	4	0109	2.4	4	0109	2.4
5	0441	0.7	5	0100	2.7	5	0109	2.4	5	0109	2.4
6	0441	0.7	6	0100	2.7	6	0109	2.4	6	0109	2.4
7	0441	0.7	7	0100	2.7	7	0109	2.4	7	0109	2.4
8	0441	0.7	8	0100	2.7	8	0109	2.4	8	0109	2.4
9	0441	0.7	9	0100	2.7	9	0109	2.4	9	0109	2.4
10	0441	0.7	10	0100	2.7	10	0109	2.4	10	0109	2.4
11	0441	0.7	11	0100	2.7	11	0109	2.4	11	0109	2.4
12	0441	0.7	12	0100	2.7	12	0109	2.4	12	0109	2.4
13	0441	0.7	13	0100	2.7	13	0109	2.4	13	0109	2.4
14	0441	0.7	14	0100	2.7	14	0109	2.4	14	0109	2.4
15	0441	0.7	15	0100	2.7	15	0109	2.4	15	0109	2.4
16	0441	0.7	16	0100	2.7	16	0109	2.4	16	0109	2.4
17	0441	0.7	17	0100	2.7	17	0109	2.4	17	0109	2.4
18	0441	0.7	18	0100	2.7	18	0109	2.4	18	0109	2.4
19	0441	0.7	19	0100	2.7	19	0109	2.4	19	0109	2.4
20	0441	0.7	20	0100	2.7	20	0109	2.4	20	0109	2.4
21	0441	0.7	21	0100	2.7	21	0109	2.4	21	0109	2.4
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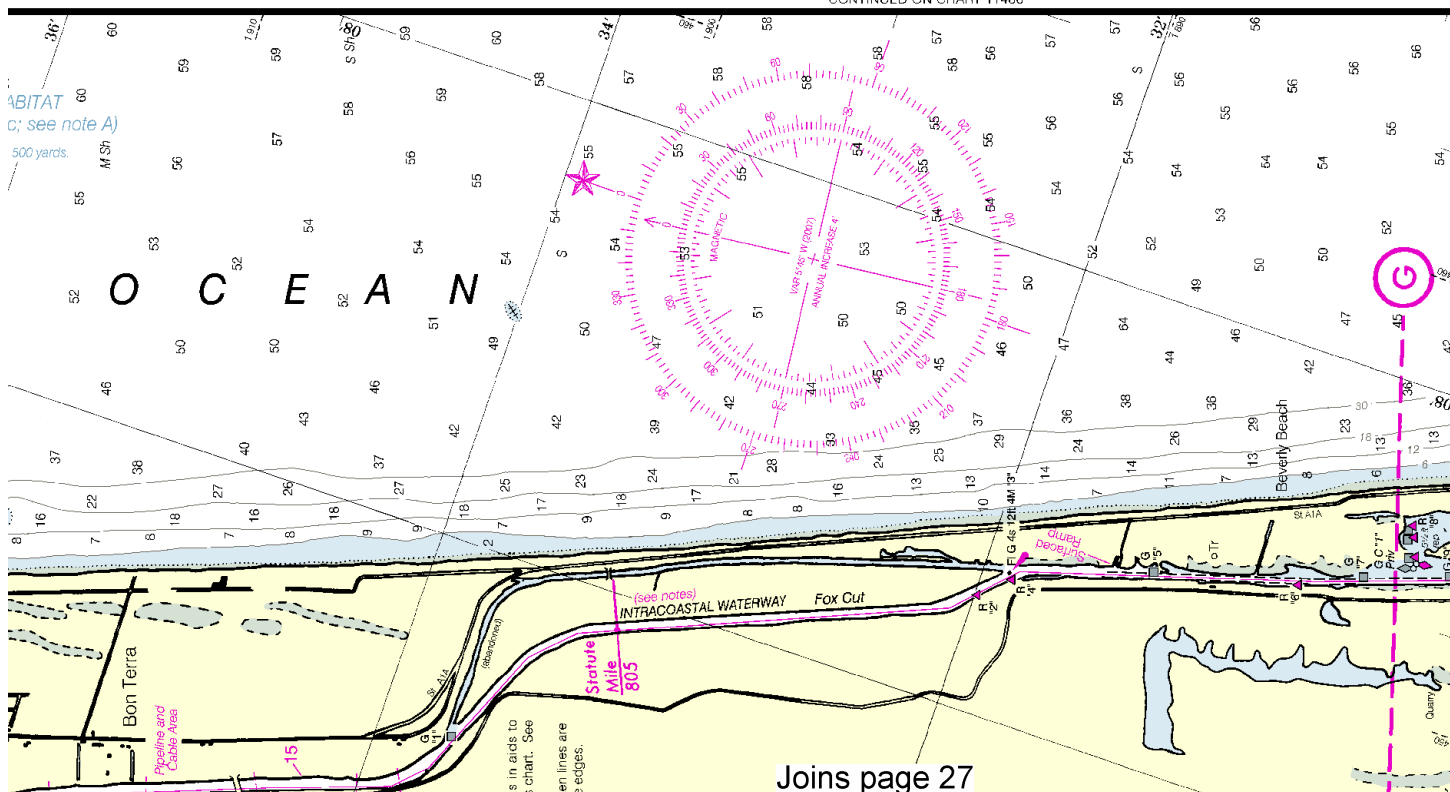
11485

JULY 2008									
Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.	Day	Time	Ht.
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0.4	1	0823	2.4	16	0030	2.5			
0.4	2	1222	2.5	17	0118	2.5			
0.4	3	1919	2.7	18	0258	2.5			
0.4	4	2035	0.0	19	0338	0.3			
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0.4	6	0723	2.3	21	0535	0.1			
0.4	7	1317	2.8	22	0431	0.0			
0.4	8	2018	2.8	23	0515	0.0			
0.4	9	0150	-0.1	24	0500	0.3			
0.4	10	0814	2.4	25	0504	0.3			
0.4	11	1508	2.4	26	0559	2.3			
0.4	12	2103	2.8	27	0650	2.2			
0.4	13	0244	-0.1	28	0729	-0.1			
0.4	14	0914	2.4	29	0808	-0.3			
0.4	15	1508	2.4	30	0614	2.5			
0.4	16	2103	2.8	31	0713	2.8			
0.4	17	0244	-0.1						
0.4	18	0914	2.4						
0.4	19	1508	2.4						
0.4	20	2103	2.8						
0.4	21	0244	-0.1						
0.4	22	0914	2.4						
0.4	23	1508	2.4						
0.4	24	2103	2.8						
0.4	25	0244	-0.1						
0.4	26	0914	2.4						
0.4	27	1508	2.4						
0.4	28	2103	2.8						
0.4	29	0244	-0.1						
0.4	30	0914	2.4						
0.4	31	1508	2.4						
0.4	32	2103	2.8						
0.4	33	0244	-0.1						
0.4	34	0914	2.4						
0.4	35	1508	2.4						
0.4	36	2103	2.8						
0.4	37	0244	-0.1						
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0.4	39	1508	2.4						
0.4	40	2103	2.8						
0.4	41	0244	-0.1						
0.4	42	0914	2.4						
0.4	43	1508	2.4						
0.4	44	2103	2.8						
0.4	45	0244	-0.1						
0.4	46	0914	2.4						
0.4	47	1508	2.4						
0.4	48	2103	2.8						
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0.4	50	0914	2.4						
0.4	51	1508	2.4						
0.4	52	2103	2.8						
0.4	53	0244	-0.1						
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0.4	55	1508	2.4						
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**CAUTION**  
**WARNINGS CONCERNING LARGE VESSELS**

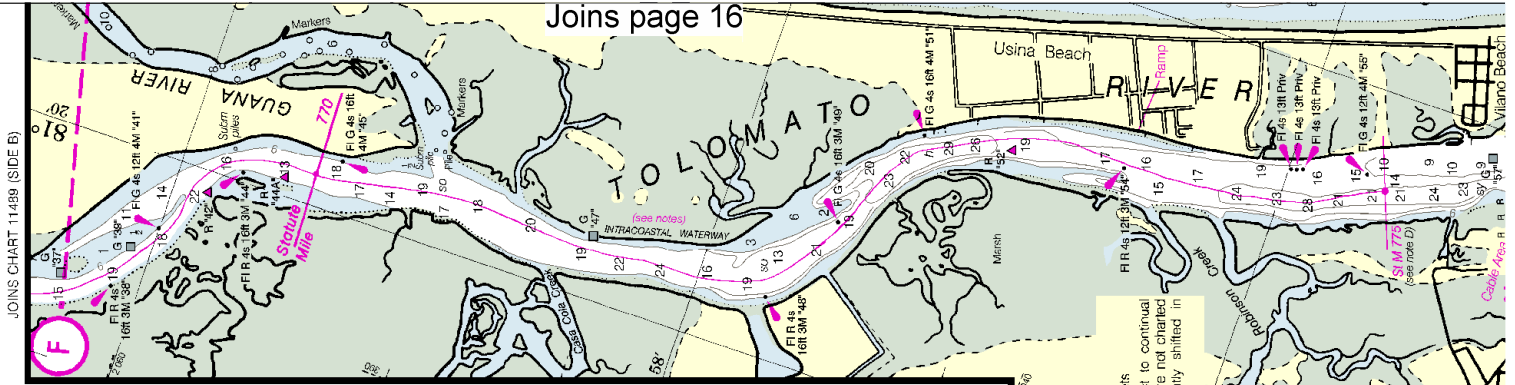
The "Rules of the Road" state that recreational boats shall not impede the passage of a vessel that can navigate only within a narrow channel or fairway. Large vessels may appear to move slowly due to their large size but actually transit at speeds in excess of 12 knots, requiring a great distance in which to maneuver or stop. A large vessel's superstructure may block the wind with the result that sailboats and sailboards may unexpectedly find themselves unable to maneuver. Bow and stern waves can be hazardous to small vessels. Large vessels may not be able to see small craft close to their bows.

CONTINUED ON CHART 11486

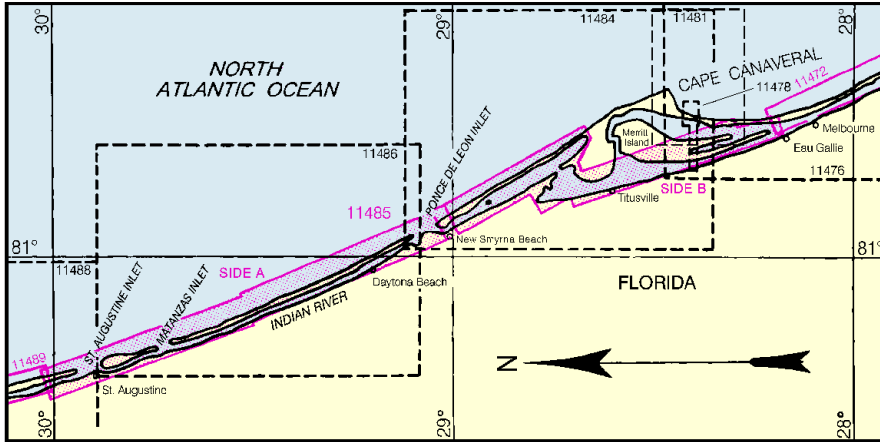




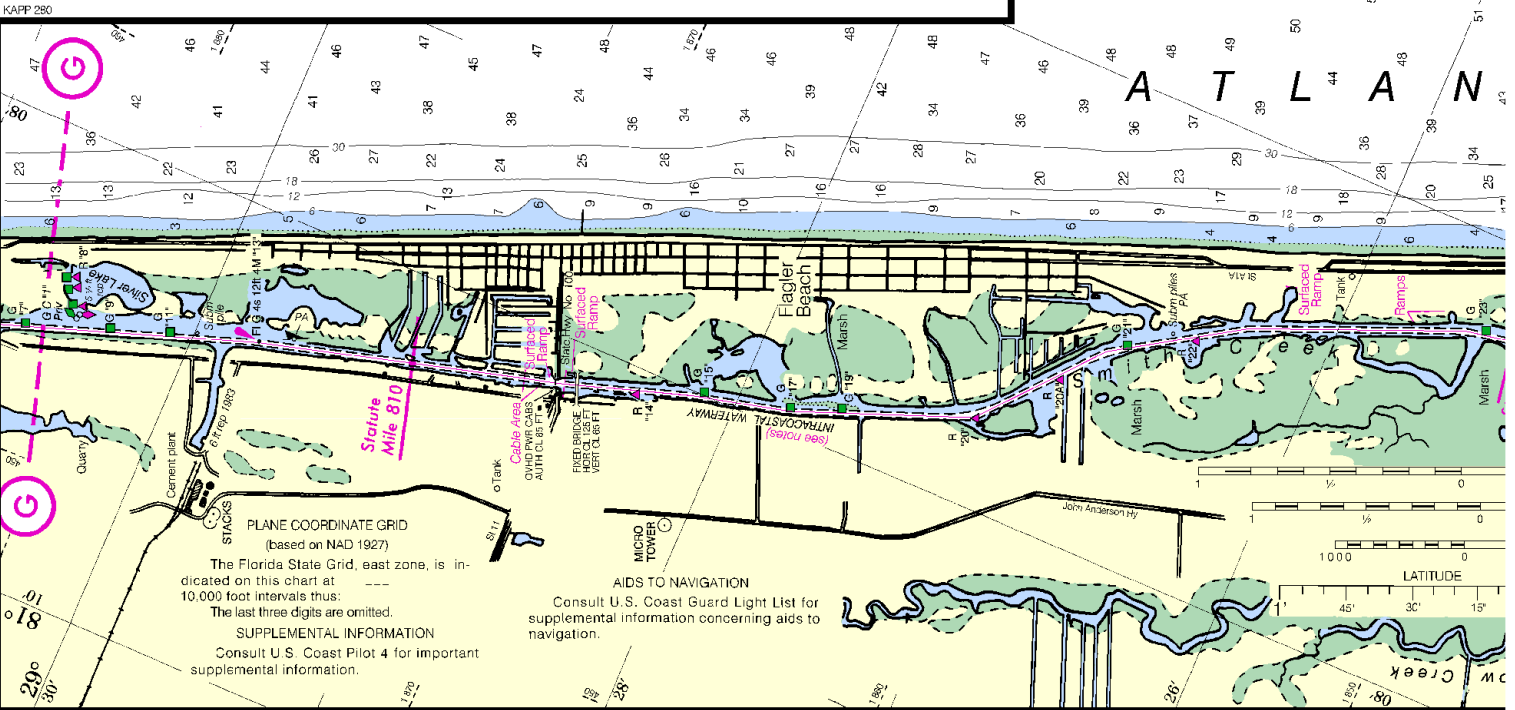
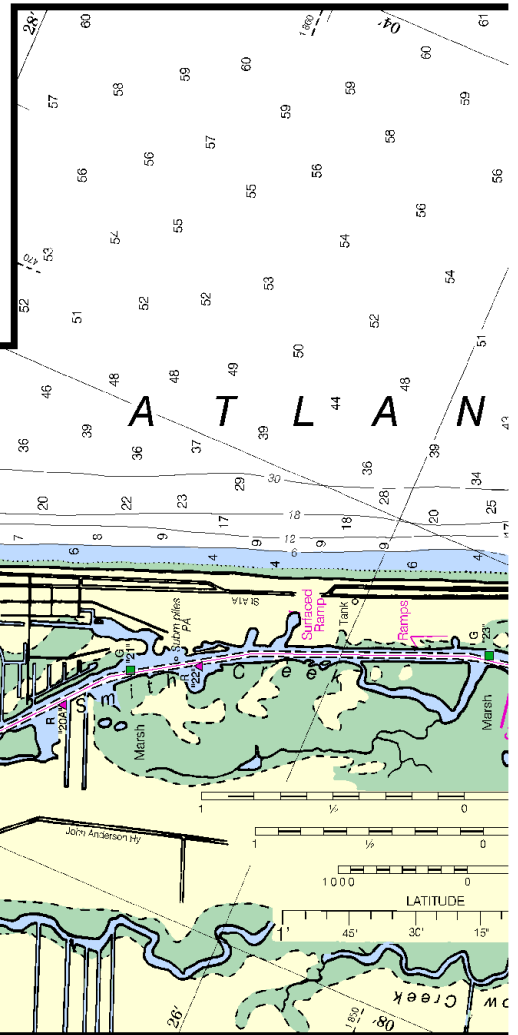
Joins page 16



NAUTICAL CHART DIAGRAM

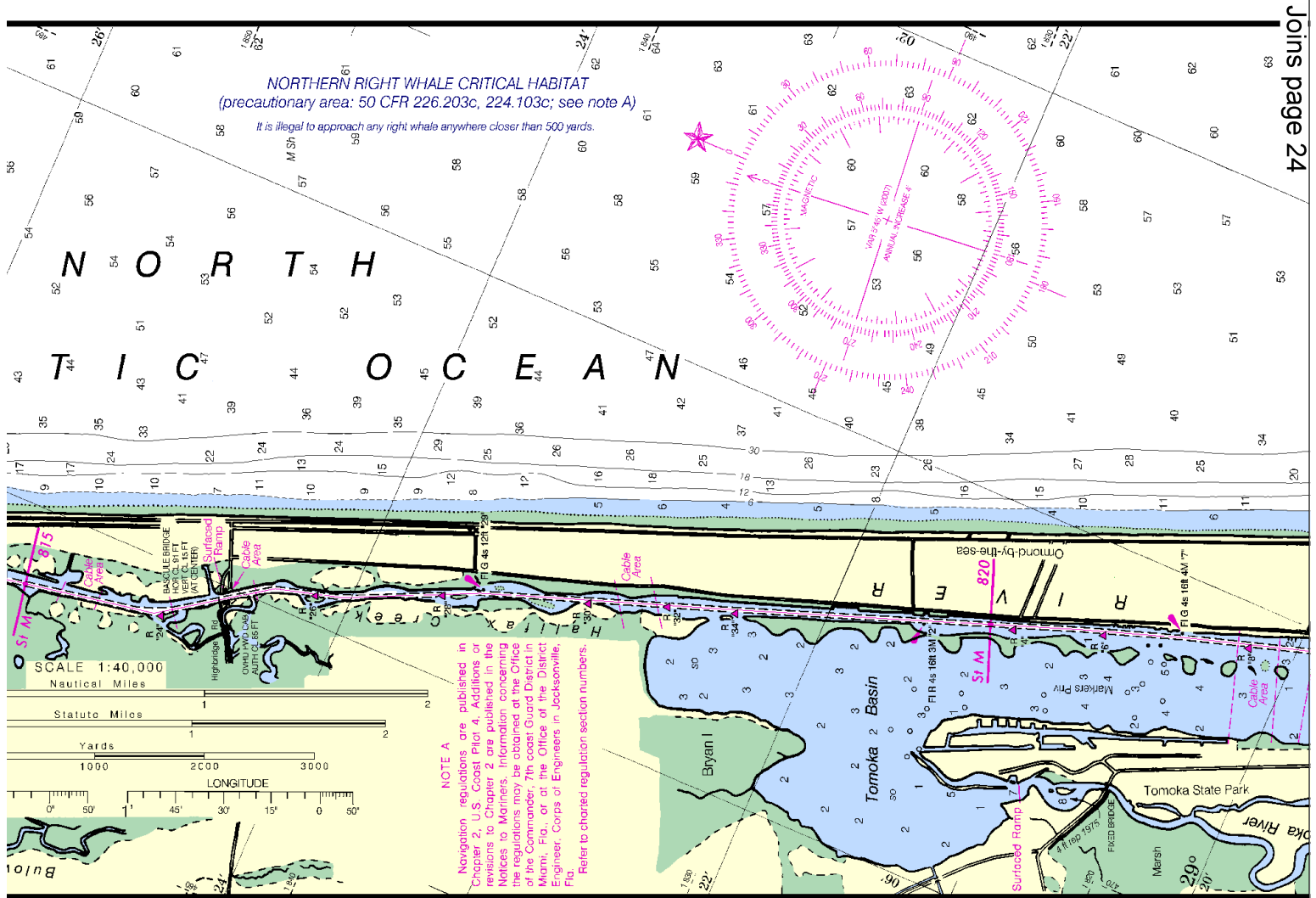
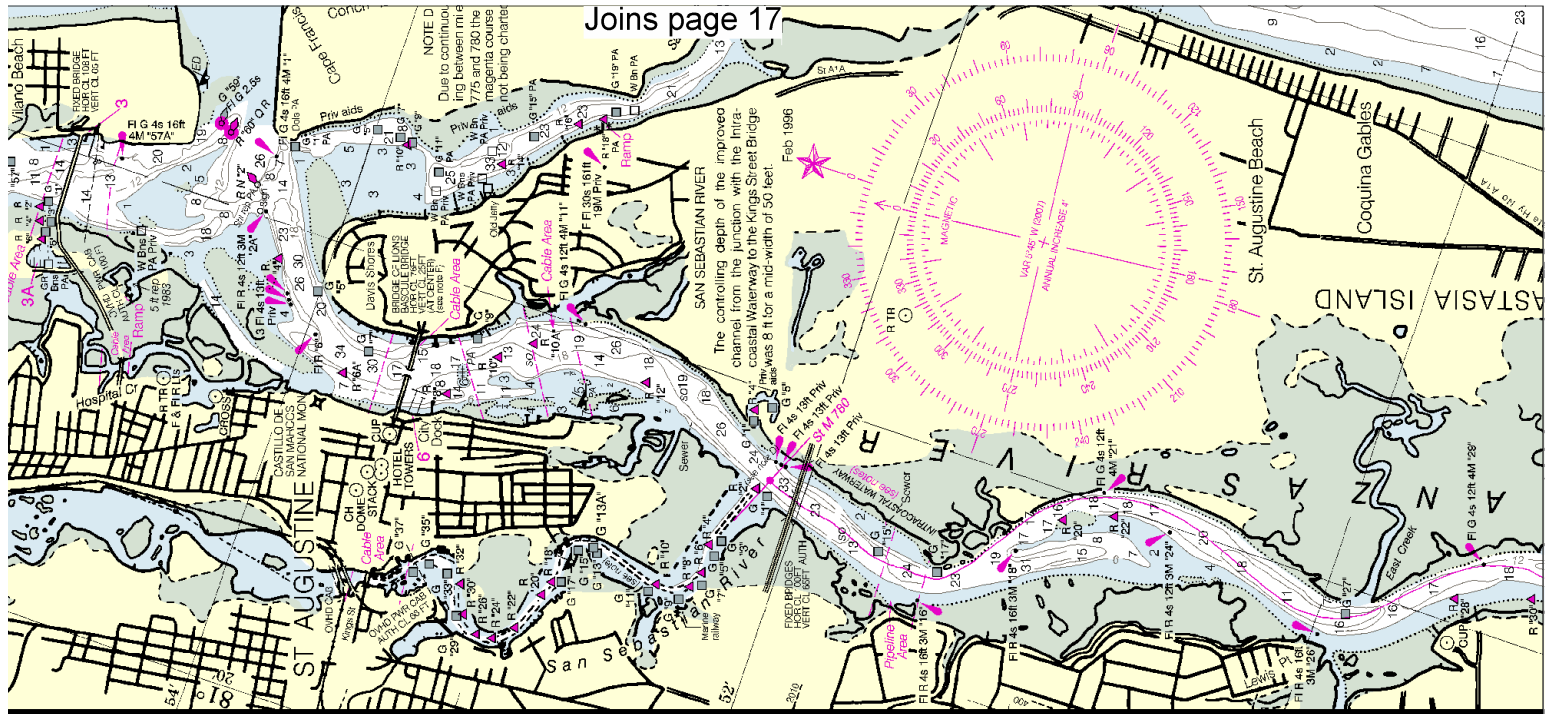


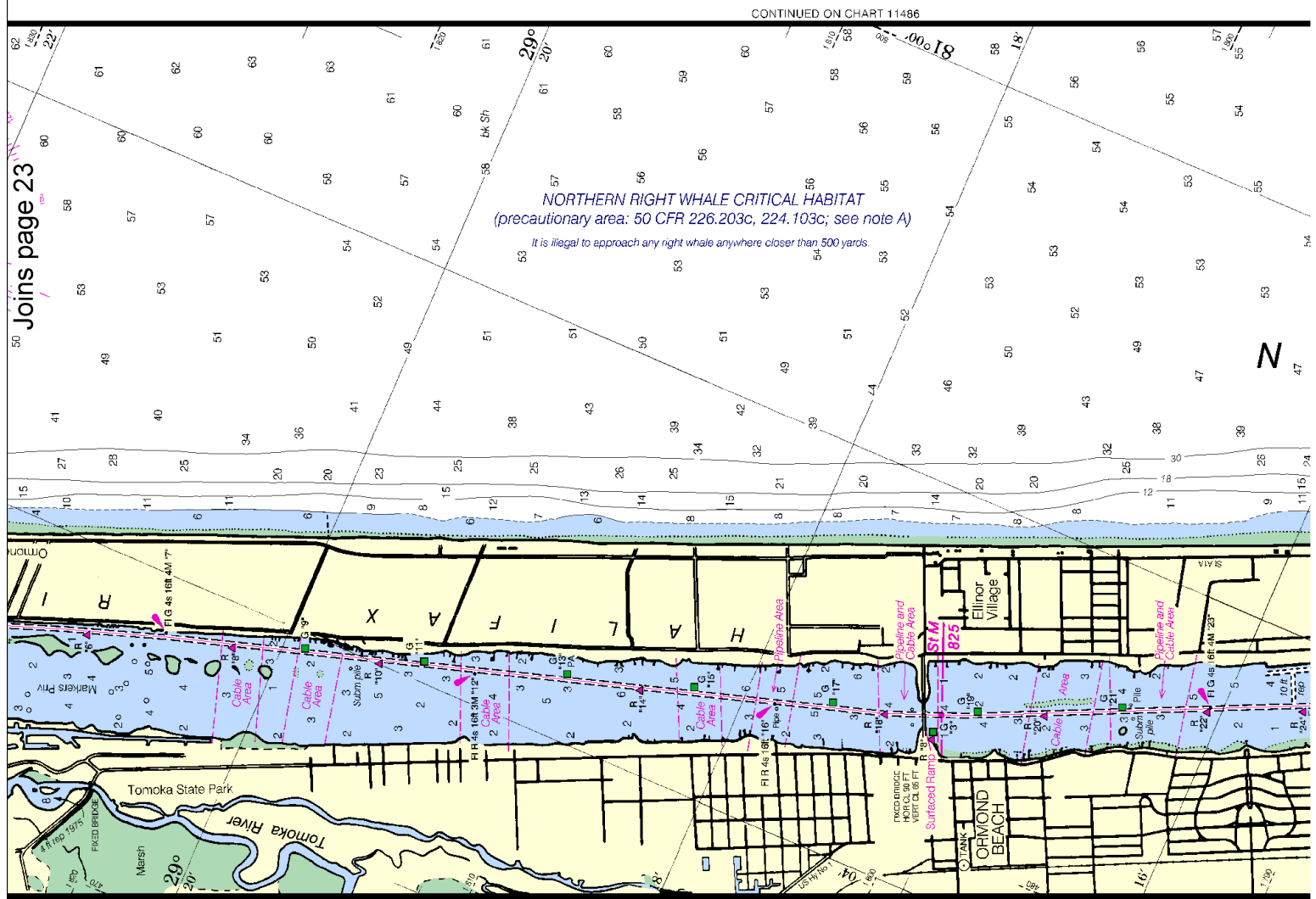
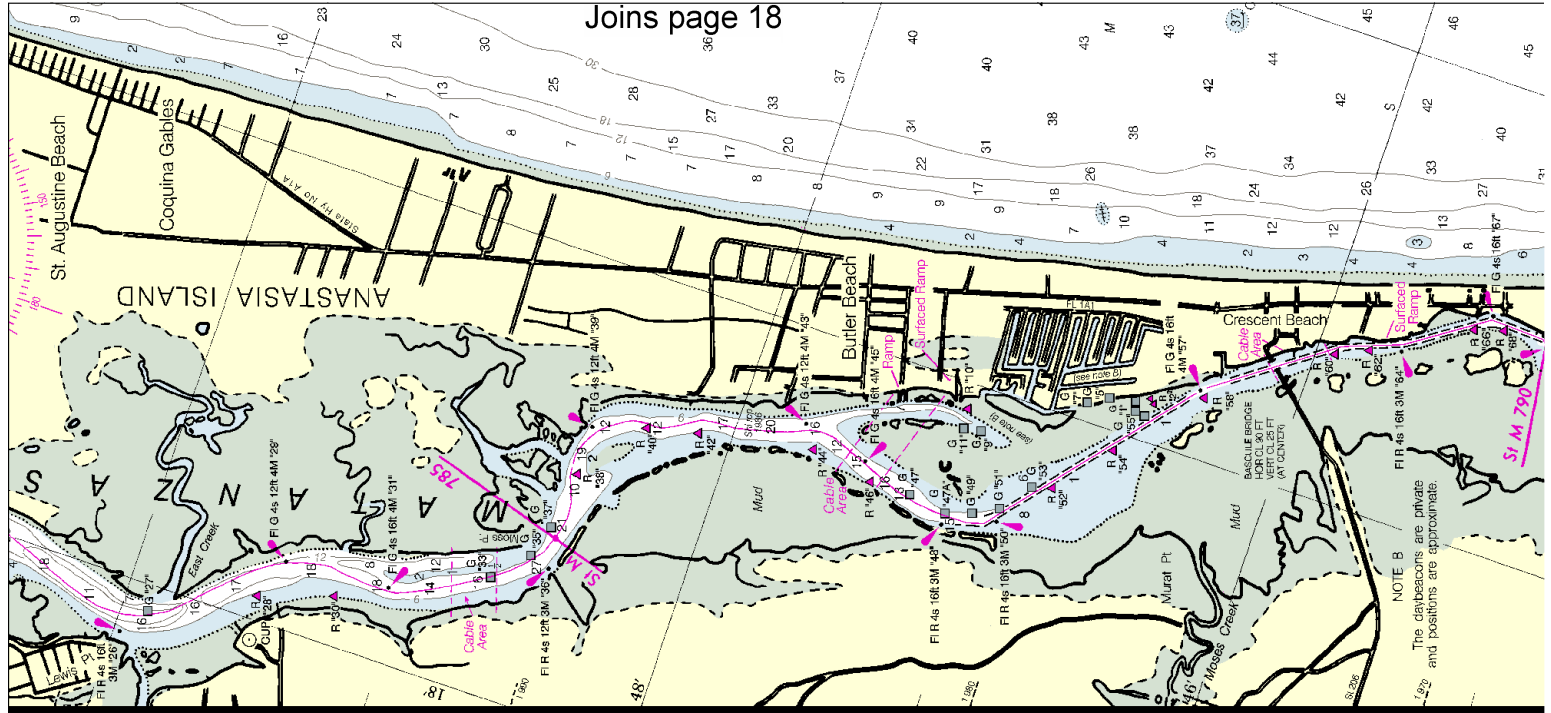
NOTE C  
Entrances to inlets  
The channels are subject to continual  
changes. Entrance buoys are not charted  
because they are frequently shifted in  
position.



11485 35th Ed., Aug./07; Corrected through NM Aug 11/07, LNM Aug. 07/07

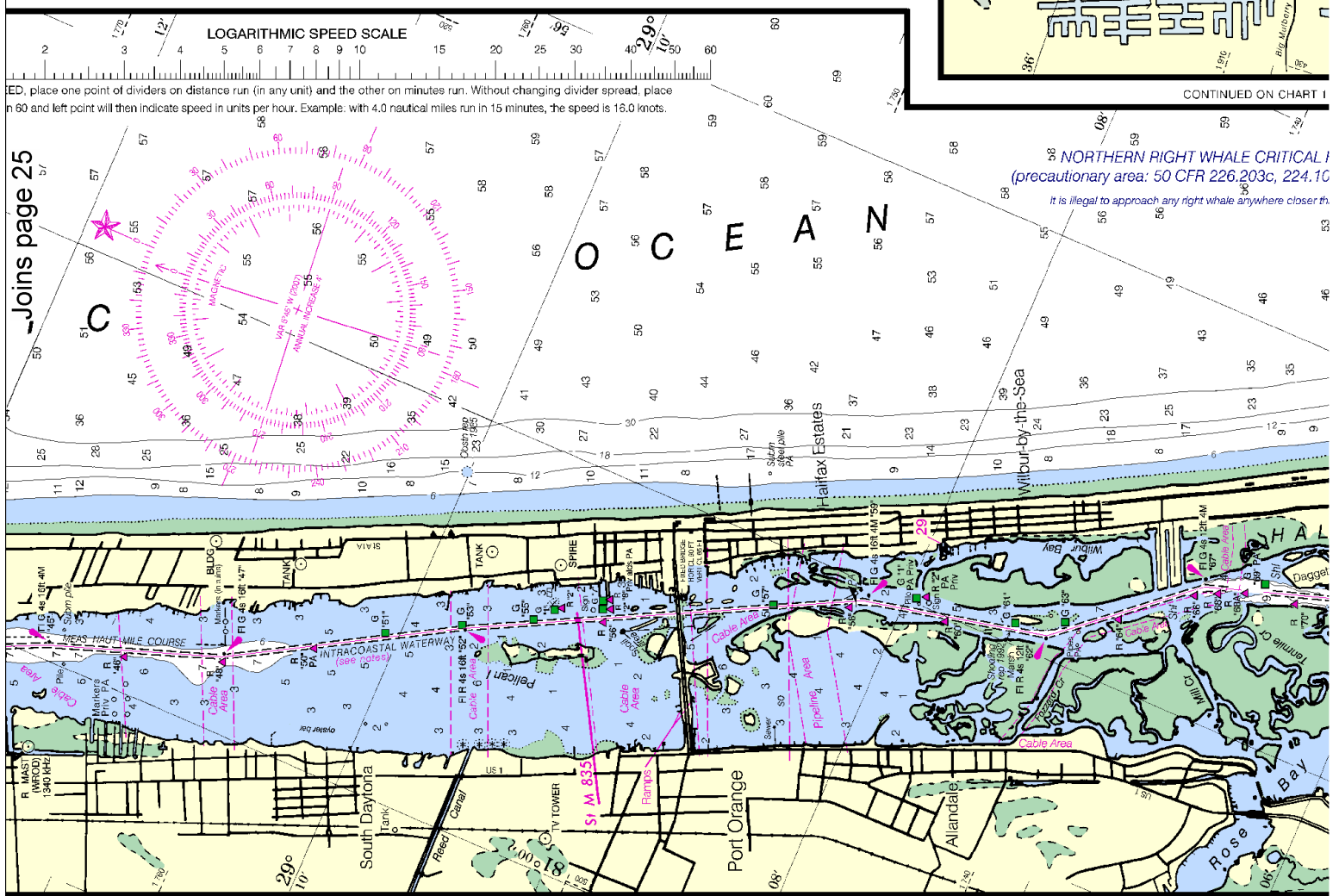
















## EMERGENCY INFORMATION

### VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

**Channel 6** – Inter-ship safety communications.

**Channel 9** – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

**Channel 13** – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

**Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls** to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

**Channel 22A** – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here.

**Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 & 78A** – Recreational boat channels.

### Distress Call Procedures

1. Make sure radio is on.
2. Select Channel 16.
3. Press/Hold the transmit button.
4. Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
5. Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of Emergency; Number of People on Board.
6. Release transmit button.
7. Wait for 10 seconds – If no response Repeat MAYDAY Call.

### **HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS !!**

### Mobile Phones – Call 911 for water rescue.

**Coast Guard Mayport SAR** – 904-247-7312

**Coast Guard Ponce De Leon Inlet** – 386-428-9085

**Coast Guard Canaveral** – 321-868-4200

**Coast Guard Atlantic Area Cmd** – 757-398-6390

**Indiatlantic Fire & Rescue** – 321-723-0366

**Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Comm** – 888-404-3922

**NOAA Weather Radio** – 162.400 MHz, 162.425 MHz, 162.450 MHz, 162.475 MHz, 162.500 MHz, 162.525 MHz, 162.550 MHz.

**Getting and Giving Help** – Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.



## NOAA CHARTING PUBLICATIONS

**Official NOAA Nautical Charts** – NOAA surveys and charts the national and territorial waters of the U.S, including the Great Lakes. We produce over 1,000 traditional nautical charts covering 3.4 million square nautical miles. Carriage of official NOAA charts is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry our commerce. They are used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters. NOAA charts are available from official chart agents listed at: [www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov](http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov).

**Official Print-on-Demand Nautical Charts** – These full-scale NOAA charts are updated weekly by NOAA for all Notice to Mariner corrections. They have additional information added in the margin to supplement the chart. Print-on-Demand charts meet all federal chart carriage regulations for charts and updating. Produced under a public/private partnership between NOAA and OceanGrafix, LLC, suppliers of these premium charts are listed at [www.OceanGrafix.com](http://www.OceanGrafix.com).

**Official Electronic Navigational Charts (NOAA ENC<sup>®</sup>)** – ENCs are digital files of each chart's features and their attributes for use in computer-based navigation systems. ENCs comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. ENCs and their updates are available for free from NOAA at [www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov](http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov).

**Official Raster Navigational Charts (NOAA RNC<sup>™</sup>)** – RNCs are geo-referenced digital pictures of NOAA's charts that are suitable for use in computer-based navigation systems. RNCs comply with standards of the International Hydrographic Organization. RNCs and their updates are available for free from NOAA at [www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov](http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov).

**Official BookletCharts<sup>™</sup>** – BookletCharts<sup>™</sup> are reduced scale NOAA charts organized in page-sized pieces. The "Home Edition" can be downloaded from NOAA for free and printed. The Internet address is [www.NauticalCharts.gov/bookletcharts](http://www.NauticalCharts.gov/bookletcharts).

**Official PocketCharts<sup>™</sup>** – PocketCharts<sup>™</sup> are for beginning recreational boaters to use for planning and locating, but not for real navigation. Measuring a convenient 13" by 19", they have a 1/3 scale chart on one side, and safety, boating, and educational information on the reverse. They can be purchased at retail outlets and on the Internet.

**Official U.S. Coast Pilot<sup>®</sup>** – The Coast Pilots are 9 text volumes containing information important to navigators such as channel descriptions, port facilities, anchorages, bridge and cable clearances, currents, prominent features, weather, dangers, and Federal Regulations. They supplement the charts and are available from NOAA chart agents or may be downloaded for free at [www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov](http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov).

**Official On-Line Chart Viewer** – All NOAA nautical charts are viewable here on-line using any Internet browser. Each chart is up-to-date with the most recent Notices to Mariners. Use these on-line charts as a ready reference or planning tool. The Internet address is [www.NauticalCharts.gov/viewer](http://www.NauticalCharts.gov/viewer).

**Official Nautical Chart Catalogs** – Large format, regional catalogs are available for free from official chart agents. Page size, state catalogs are posted on the Internet and can be printed at home for free. Go to <http://NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov/mcd/ccatalogs.htm>.

**Internet Sites:** [www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov](http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov), [www.NOAA.gov](http://www.NOAA.gov), [www.TidesandCurrents.NOAA.gov](http://www.TidesandCurrents.NOAA.gov), [www.NOS.NOAA.gov](http://www.NOS.NOAA.gov).